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Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

W. N. ARMSTRONG, EDITOR.

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ARGUE AT LENGTH

A House Committee Does Not Like the Opium Bill

ON A HIGH MORAL PLANE

Criticises Construction of Act.
Board of Health and Physi-
cians—Officials.

The act placing use of opium in the Islands under control of the Board of Health has passed the Senate. The adverse report given below has been presented in the House, but the act has some strong advocates in the lower branch and the fight will be a close one. The committee says:

The claim of those who favor the act is that it will put an end to smuggling of opium and that it will restrict its use. This claim your committee does not think can be good. Inquiry shows that though it may make the gains of the smuggler less, there will still be inducement for him to smuggle. As to the restriction of its use, your committee sees that the act provides that opium shall only be supplied to those who are now habituated to its use, but what is to prevent those habits from furnishing the drug to others who have never used it, thereby swelling the number of its users, who will in time, demand their supply of the legal purveyor of the institution created by law to pander to the appetites of the victims of this habit.

Under Section 1, your committee would point out that there is no proper definition of opium. For instance, the form of opium used for smoking is not the medicinal opium, nor can opium as prepared for smoking be used in medicine or for the manufacture of medicinal preparations of opium. Under Section 2, the Board of Health is constituted a body for the importation of that which is forbidden to firms and individuals; the importation of an article which all agree is the most harmful and degrading drug within the reach of man. Boards of Health are constituted to conserve the health of people, they should not be the agents that assist in hastening them to a miserable grave.

Section 3 is one that will strike every one who gives it thought as essentially a vicious one. The Government Physician, the District Magistrate and the Sheriff or Deputy Sheriff, of the different judicial districts, are, by this act, constituted an "Opium Board." Would any one propose the appointment of Government officials to act as a board to allow other vices incident to weak humanity?

Can any one think that a self-respecting educated physician, one whose mission in life is to heal the sick, restore to health the afflicted, and lead to a higher hygienic life, would so far forget his duty and his calling as to serve on a Board whose duty it is to serve out the means of degradation to erring fellow creatures? And what would be the action of our Board of Health supposing any Government physician refused to serve on an Opium Board? As the law reads there must be a Government physician on the Board, and should a conscientious man refuse to serve there would be nothing to do but cancel the commission and appoint a man who could put his conscience in one pocket, while he put dollars in the other.

Then consider another member of the "Opium Board," the District Magistrate. On the one hand, he is the dispenser of justice, on the other he furnishes a victim with the means of crime. This is an anomaly which is self-apparent and self-convicting. An opium smoker might commit a crime under the influence of the drug and might have to be sentenced to punishment by the very member of the Board who assisted in furnishing him with the drug.

One of the many reasons that are advanced for the licensing of opium, is that unlicensed it corrupts the officials. While we have good material both among District Magistrates and Deputy Sheriffs, it does not seem as if there is any better material than there has been among our police and customs officials and the means of corruption are as likely to be used to defeat the present law, as ever they were to defeat prohibition of the drug. The act provides that no minor shall be enrolled on the list of habitual users. This will not, cannot, from the very circumstances of the case, prevent minors from obtaining access to the drug through the habitual users, whether from curiosity weakness or as a bribe to greater crime and misfortune.

Under Section 4, the Board of Health will have to furnish the Opium to the Opium Boards, in such quantities as they, in their discretion, think sufficient. By whom and by what standard is the "quantity sufficient" to be determined? Who of the Board, unless he be a user of opium, can say when the "quantity sufficient" has been reached?

A member of the Opium Board is required, by this act, to dole out to

each holder of a permit, fifty grains of opium a day. That is, on each and every day of the year, every holder of a permit, weaker, more debased, nearer to the end, by authority of law, by act of Government, will tremblingly approach this Government dispenser and obtain his further allowance in order that he may be still further degraded.

It is not necessary to go into the further details of this act. That those who support it are entirely honest in their views, is to be presumed. But that it will work harm and be a source of corruption appears on the very face of it. Aside from all political reasons, and these in the minds of the committee are strong, for it must be remembered that it was the attempt to pass an opium license bill and a lottery bill which finally overthrew the monarchy, was in fact the terrible cause of that cataclysm; there is the consideration of the man's duty to man, no mere sentiment, but the duty of the stronger, the better in evolution, to his weaker, his less educated, the man further advanced advanced brother, not further to degrade him, rather to assist him as far as possible by removing from his path, by putting out of his reach, all means, all temptation which may further cast him down.

Your committee therefore recommend the bill be laid on the table.
(Signed)
A. V. GEAR,
A. T. ATKINSON,
D. H. KAHAELELIO.

ESCAPE FROM THE DEEP.

Three Men in a Boat Have Quite an Adventure.

Mr. Camplon and Lieut. Carlyle went out yesterday for a trial trip in a sloop for which Camplon had been negotiating. "Rheumatism Jack" was the pilot. The party was near the center buoy at the mouth of the channel when it was discovered that the boat was making water in great rate. Without delay the sloop was put about for the harbor. All hands baled, but the flood gained headway rapidly. It was decided to make for the reef back of the lighthouse. Camplon and Carlyle prepared to swim. "Rheumatism Jack" announced that he was helpless in water and would not be able to reach shore. The other two men said they would tow him in somehow. Just in the nick of time a native boatman came along. At this stage Camplon and Carlyle were picking up the oars and gear of the sinking sloop. The native warned them that there were sharks in the vicinity and the two young men lost no time in joining "Rheumatism Jack" in the boat of the native. The sloop that was to be purchased lies at the bottom of about thirty feet of water. An attempt will be made to raise her. Carlyle and Camplon are congratulating themselves on their escape and "Rheumatism Jack" will give a grand luau next Saturday in honor of the native boatman.

ELEVEN CASES.

Supreme Court Term to Open With Light Calendar.

Supreme Court opens today for the June term with the following calendar.
1. Water controversy of Walluku Sugar Co. vs. Solomon Hale
2. Water controversy of Kohala Sugar Co. vs. James Wright
3. C. S. Bradford vs. M. H. Laffey et al.
4. C. Nottley and Sons vs. Kukalau Plantation Co.
5. Kemilla Holt et al. vs. Kasukal.
6. C. W. Booth vs. G. C. Beckley et al.
7. Hawaiian Commercial & Sugar Co. vs. Walluku Sugar Co.
8. Minister of Interior vs. Oahu Railway & Land Co.
9. Administrator's motion for rehearing in re estate of C. Akana.
10. Wm. L. Peterson vs. M. A. Titcomb et al.
11. J. Kalaniansole et al. vs. W. M. Giffard, treasurer Waimanalo Sugar Co.

SHAKESPEARE'S BIRTHPLACE

The annual meeting of the trustees of Shakespeare's birthplace was held on the 5th of May at Stratford-on-Avon. It was reported that visitors representing 48 nationalities had paid for admission to the poet's house during the year, and that over 10,000 persons had visited Anne Hathaway's cottage at Shottery. The cottage had been very carefully restored, and all the ancient characteristics had been preserved. Some very valuable gifts to the museum and library had been made during the year, including a collection of over 100 Shakespearian books from the library of the late Mrs. Cowden Clarke. The trustees had also been presented with the original sale book, interleaved with notes of Mr. Robins, who sold Shakespeare's birthplace at the Auction Mart in London in September, 1647. Other gifts included a number of portraits and rare volumes.—London Times.

The band will play on the grounds of Queen Emma Hall, corner Nuuanu and Beretania streets, at 10.30 o'clock this forenoon.

CAPT. DYER SPOKE

Baltimore and Company in the Manila Fight.

PAMPHLET FROM CRUISER

Men So Well Known Here in Thick of the Fray—Note From the Printer.

Harry F. Humphrey, the printer of the U. S. S. Baltimore has a good many friends in Honolulu. Another man of the ship who made friends ashore here is J. A. Wisner, of Capt. Berryman's marines. These two have published aboard the Baltimore a pamphlet of fourteen pages giving some new matter on the famous battle of Manila. The little book is a very creditable production, with "Old Glory" in correct colors on the first page of the cover and this couplet on the last page:

When the din of battle was o'er
Revered were the boys of the Maine,
We had made the enemy lower
The flag of ancient Spain.

In enclosing the pamphlet to a friend on the Advertiser, Mr. Humphrey writes a characteristic note. He says:

"This little pamphlet will tell you all about the battle of Manila. The town is at our mercy. We are only waiting for troops to occupy it after we take it. We are not having much of a variety in the line of eating, but all are well. The beer is all gone and lots of the boys miss it. Please send us a few Advertisers occasionally. We want Honolulu news very much."

Following are some interesting extracts from the work of Messrs J. A. Wisner and H. F. Humphrey.

The fleet left Manila Bay at 2 p. m. Wednesday, April 27th, after this ship had been taken on board the U. S. S. Consul to Manila as passenger. That evening our suspense was brought to a close by Captain Dyer assembling all hands on the quarter-deck, reading us a statement from the Governor-General of the Philippine Islands in which he stamped the United States as a "Nation without a history, populated with the scum and offal of Europe, and a Nation capable of any dastardly deed," adding numerous other insults tending to ignite a spark of hate for all that was Spanish in the heart of even the most conservative American, be he such by right of birth or by adoption. When Captain Dyer in closing said: "Men we are now going to Manila under orders from our Government to capture and destroy the Spanish fleet and we can do it," the ships company fairly went wild with excitement, the air was rent with loud cheers, and when he added: "If I ever entertained such a thing as a doubt about the boys of the Baltimore at a time like this, it had been entirely removed, and I know now that we'll succeed," he was given three cheers with a will. He then introduced Mr. Williams, U. S. Consul to Manila, who in a few well chosen words told us about the situation at that port and gave us a brief outline of the work before us. He was also loudly cheered. Everybody turned in that night with his mind perfectly at ease and if there was anybody among us that was the least bit afraid, he did not show it.

We were now at sea steaming slowly in the following order: Olympia, Baltimore, Raleigh, Petrel, Concord, and Boston, forming one column, and the McCulloch, Nanshan, and Zafro, forming another to our starboard. The time was taken up by getting everything ready, sending spare gear below, throwing woodwork such as mess chests, tables, benches and partitions overboard, securing and covering boats, etc. On Saturday night we were nearing the entrance to Manila Bay, and a sharp lookout was kept. We were going in under cover of darkness and right below and in range of their guns frowning down from forts on both sides of the entrance. No lights were shown except a stern-light on each ship. All hands were at quarters and all guns loaded, with extra charges ready at hand, every eye was strained and every ear was on the alert to catch the slightest sound. Now and again lights could be seen flashing from the surrounding hill-tops and an occasional signal flared up at one moment to be swallowed by the unbroken darkness the next. At twenty minutes past twelve there was a sudden flash ashore and about our starboard quarter, followed a second or two later by a dull report and that peculiar awe-stricken swishing sound of a flying projectile—the first shot had been fired and the game was on! Owing to the darkness or to the poor marksmanship of the Spaniards, that shot flew wide of its mark, as did two more fired in rapid succession from the forts and answered by the Raleigh and Boston when day broke on that never to be forgotten Sunday morning, May the 1st, Manila harbor with its handful

of merchant vessels bore right ahead, and off our starboard bow we could make out the enemy's fleet dimly looming up in the early dawn lying outside of Point Cavite, their fortified Navy Yard and general stronghold. The Olympia was steaming slowly at the head of the column, the Baltimore a couple of ship-lengths astern of her, and the balance of fleet following. The McCulloch and the transports were left standing off in bay. The most critical moment of our lives was drawing near, and when at 5:06 the flagship made signal "Prepare for general action," when the Stars and Stripes were broken at every masthead and every peak, when Captain Dyer solemnly pointing up at the waving folds of "Old Glory," said: "There it goes, men; we have an empty stomach this morning, but we have a full heart; now let us see, what we can do under this flag," when every man silently took his station, there was nothing but grim determination to "do or die" to be seen written on every face. The Spanish were again on the aggressive for at 5:15 they fired a shot from one of their forts, following it up by a regular fusillade from their vessels and shore batteries. The most of their shots fell short and a



CAPT. N. M. DYER,
U. S. S. Baltimore.

few carried over us, dropping into the bay all around the ships, too far off to do any damage, but yet too close for comfort. We seemed in no hurry to return the fire, and fully 25 minutes were spent in maneuvering for position, the range being diminished steadily if slowly by our fleet steaming closer and closer right in the teeth of the enemy's fire. Those minutes seemed hours, and some our men were actually begging permission to shoot. At last the first shot was fired by our ships at about 6,000 yards range, and the battle was on in earnest. A small torpedo boat was seen to emerge from the shore making for our transports at a high rate of speed. The secondary batteries of our ships were made to bear on her, shells fell around her in a veritable shower, and finally turning she was run high and dry on the beach and abandoned. Our fleet was now steaming back and forth off Cavite Bay, making three "legs" to eastward and two to westward, forming a large figure "8" and delivering broadside after broadside with splendid results. All this time the enemy's vessels Reina Christina (flagship), Castilla, moored head and stern with port battery in use, Don Antonio de Ullona, Isla de Cuba, Isla de Luzon, the large transport Mindanao and a number of smaller gunboats were keeping a steady fire, the smaller ships retreating inside of mole several times during action. The forts were not idle but kept thundering forth their tribute with no noticeable effect. The enemy's fire seemed to be concentrated on the Baltimore, and she was hit six times. A 4.7 inch armor piercing shell punctured our side on main deck line, tore up the wooden deck and, striking the steel deck under this glanced upwards, went through after engine-room hatch and emerging struck the cylinder of port 6-inch gun on quarter-deck temporarily rendering the gun unfit for use. In its mad flight it also struck a box of 3-pounder ammunition, exploding one shell which in turn slightly wounded a few of No. 4 guns crew. The other hits were as follows: One shell pierced our starboard side forward of No. 2 sponson and lodged in a clothes-locker on the berth deck; another one struck us on our port beam a little above the water-line, and a few feet forward of and above this another shell came crashing across the berth deck striking a steam pipe and exploding behind starboard blower-engine with no serious results. A fragment of a shell went through one of our ventilators and the Colors at our main were shot through during the first part of action. The concussion from our 6-inch guns on poop shattered our two whale-boats and they had to be cut adrift. The engagement lasted from 5:43 until 7:35 a. m., when the flagship signalled: "Withdraw from action." We then stood out in the bay, the men left their stations and "mess-gear" was sounded. There was hand-shaking and congratulations on every hand as smoke-begrimed friends, parted during the battle met again, and loud were the cheers that went up from the various ships in passing.

The pamphlet tells of more fighting and of the surrender.

For the Championship
Willie Roth, the victor in the tournament just finished, was challenged by the champion of 1897, Will Godfrey. The match has been set for Wednesday at 4 o'clock on the Pacific courts.

AT THE PARTING

Highest Commendation Given Rev. D. P. Birnie.

A COUNCIL RESOLUTION

Representation—Proceedings in Detail—Resignation and Acceptance.

Ecclesiastical Council held in Central Union Church, June 8, 1898.

Pursuant to letters missive, an Ecclesiastical Council assembled at the house of worship of the Central Union Church, Honolulu, June 8th at 4 p. m., to advise in regard to the resignation of the Pastor Rev. Douglas P. Birnie. The letter missive was read by Rev. C. M. Hyde, D. D. Rev. O. P. Emerson was chosen Moderator and Rev. C. W. Hill, scribe. Prayer was offered by the Moderator. The roll of the Council was completed.

The list of the churches and delegates is as follows: Kawaiahae, Honolulu, Rev. H. H. Parker, D. L. Naone, Kaunakapili, Rev. E. S. Timoteo, Chinese, Mr. Goo Kim, Japanese, Rev. T. Okumura, Portuguese, Rev. A. V. Soares, Mr. Felix Tranguada, Union Church, Kohala, Rev. C. W. Hill, Foreign Church, Makawao, Maui, Mr. H. P. Baldwin. Also Rev. Hiram Bingham, D. D., Rev. O. H. Gulick, Rev. J. M. Lewis, Rev. C. M. Hyde, D. D., Rev. O. P. Emerson, Rev. J. M. Lydgate, Rev. S. E. Bishop, D. D., and Rev. J. Leachingham, Committee of the Church. The Pastor's letter of resignation and the record of the action of the Church, conditionally accepting the same providing for the calling of the Council, together with the resolutions adopted by the church, were read by the clerk. No other statement being offered, it was voted that the papers be accepted as in due form and order, and that the council approves the action of the church and recommends that the pastoral relation be dissolved. A committee consisting of the Rev. H. H. Parker, the Moderator, and the Scribe, was appointed to prepare the result of the Council and made the following report:

Resolved: That while endorsing the action of the church and Pastor, we desire to say for ourselves that it is with sincere regret that we part with one whom we have learned to esteem very highly. Rev. D. P. Birnie's pastorate in Honolulu, though brief, has been fruitful. Through the leadership by the blessing of God, large additions have been made to the Church roll, while as pastor and preacher he has endeared himself to the hearts of this people. He as proved himself well adapted to work for the young, especially young men. In organizing and carrying out plans for the moral and intellectual improvement of the youth of this city, we believe he has had no superior. We feel assured that this historic field of religious effort has been greatly blessed by his ministry, and that the best wishes and earnest prayers of God's people will follow him into other parts of the Master's vineyard, where he may be called to labor. We affectionately commend him to the churches, as a man of lofty Christian character, a wise pastor, and an effective preacher of the vital truths of the Gospel. We congratulate the members of this church on the service which has been rendered them, and pray that upon them the divine blessing may still rest, that the Great Head of the Church may send them another leader of like wisdom and devotion.

The Scribe was ordered to send a copy of the proceedings to the Rev. D. P. Birnie, and to the clerk of the church and the Council dissolved.

OLIVER P. EMERSON,
Moderator.
CHAS. W. HILL,
Scribe.

St. Andrew's Fair.

The fair in the Sunday School rooms of St. Andrew's Cathedral Saturday and evening proved a very great success and the handsome sum of \$475.00 was cleared. The band, stationed in front of the cathedral, furnished music and attracted large crowds to the fair. The Sunday School rooms were prettily decorated and the various booths presented a gala appearance. Doubtless more would have been present in the evening but for counter attractions.

The Waialeale is expected in today.

HAWAIIAN GAZETTE.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

W. N. ARMSTRONG, EDITOR.

TUESDAY, JUNE 21, 1898

INCREASING THE WAGES.

The proposed law requiring that one half the labor to be done under Government contracts shall be awarded to Hawaiians and Europeans, that is the Portuguese, will considerably increase the cost of work, we are informed, and therefore increase the rate of taxation.

It is the Portuguese mainly and not the natives, who desire employment, for the natives do not eagerly ask for it.

The condition of many of the Portuguese is unfortunate. They have come into the town, instead of remaining in the country. They find that the Asiatics fix the price of labor, and with their large families find it almost impossible to live on plantation wages. Worse than all, from this aspect of the case, we steadily continue to educate their children to the strong desire for better things, and at the same time, entirely neglect educating them in the way of getting these better things and we push them against the Asiatics.

This bad state of things seems to make it necessary to do some dangerous legislation in the way of discriminating in their favor.

It may be expedient to pay the Portuguese laborers higher wages in the Government service, simply because they must be taken care of, but the better and reasonable way would be to provide a method of helping many of these laborers to emigrate to the other islands, and aid them in getting homes of their own. It does the community great harm, so long as industrious Portuguese are compelled to pay enormous rents on Punchbowl, for land they cannot purchase. It creates justifiable discontent, and forces them to demand the highest wages. If these people were thoroughly organized politically, they would make themselves felt. It is the duty of the dominant party to see to it, they do not become discontented through injustice.

The theory of taxing the people in order to pay extra wages, is not a good one, but it is necessary, if there is no other way to provide employment for the idle who desire work but cannot get it.

THE INCOME TAX.

If the members of the Legislature would read up a little on the numerous discussions of the merits of the income tax in England and America, they would get some valuable information on the subject.

Mr. Gladstone, speaking of this income tax said "I believe it does more than any other tax to demoralize and corrupt the people." Lord Beaconsfield said in Parliament, "The odious features of this tax cannot by any means be removed or modified."

Prof. Thorold Rogers, M. P. and Professor of Political Economy, in Oxford, said in 1884: "Nobody defends the income tax. Every Chancellor of the Exchequer has condemned it in principle, and has continued it in practice."

And the Supreme Court of the United States (116 N. S. R. 631) says "Any compulsory discovery, by extorting the party's oath or compelling the production of his private books and papers to convict him of a crime or to forfeit his property, is contrary to the principles of a free government. It is abhorrent to the principles of an Englishman. It is abhorrent to the instincts of an American. It may suit the purposes of despotic power, but it cannot abide the pure atmosphere of political liberty and personal freedom."

Neither Gladstone or Disraeli or the Supreme Court of the United States have any weight with some members of the Legislature but their words might be taken as very much suggestions to the members of it that the statesmen and judges of the great Anglo-Saxon race have no use for this system of taxation, however excellent it may be in theory.

The Young men of the Research Club, who are getting an education in practical politics in these parts, should carefully follow up the discussion of the bill for an income tax. It illustrates the habit and practice of communities to work out their own salvation, with contempt for the experience of other communities.

It is admitted on all sides that an income tax is a necessary evil, and just. We quoted the other day the opinions of Gladstone, Disraeli, Prof. Rogers and the Supreme Court of the United States against it. Mr. Gladstone was recently called "one of the greatest finance ministers that ever lived." John Stuart Mill, whose works

are standard in all universities said: "the fairness which belongs to the principle of an income tax cannot be made to attach to it in practice," and that, "while apparently the most just of all modes of taxation, is in effect more unjust than many others that are prima facie more objectionable." His reasoning was sustained by the actual experience of the United States, under the income tax law of 1869.

To collect this tax it is required that every individual should exhibit his books and papers to an inspector.

We have here 20,000 Chinese, many of whom should pay this tax, if required by law. Does any one suppose that an inspector will be able to "make head or tail" out of a set of books kept in the Chinese language? The trained officials of the United States could only find, in 1872, 72,949 persons in a population of 39,000,000 who would pay any income tax. Their books were even kept in the English language. The Chinese book-keepers would defy any accurate examinations of their accounts.

The advocates of this tax may reply: "Let the Chinese go. Stick the white merchants and planters." This might be done. It is right here that the injustice of the tax is apparent.

Our point at present is to ask the young men of the Research Club to watch the history of this income tax, if its collection is provided for by law. Having before them the opinions of students and statesmen, let them see how the experimentalists of this Republic come out.

ADMIRAL CERVERA'S CHIVALRY.

The chivalrous act of Admiral Cervera in sending a flag of truce to Admiral Sampson, in recognition of the bravery of the men who navigated the Merrimac into the channel of Santiago and there sank her, will be a swift wave of oil running from the Atlantic to the Pacific over the angry waters of American indignation against Spanish cruelty. It will not stop the deep and irresistible ground swell of purpose to end Spanish rule in Cuba, but it will quell the angry foam that flies from the wave tops.

All the world admires a chivalrous act, even if it is trifling or insincere. The people, the mass, the crowd, are instantly touched by kindness, and even over-estimate its value. Admiral Cervera has yielded no point. He has accepted no compromise. He has not modified his purpose to sink every American war ship, with its crew, if he can do so. He does not ask that the horrors of war be suspended. But he renews for a moment on the eve of the twentieth century, the sentiments of chivalry, which made the romances of the dark ages.

This one touch of nature, this suspending of battle, for a moment, in order to salute a daring act of courage and self sacrifice, will have an effect on the American mind that is inestimable. The Governor of Manila, by his foolish proclamation, roused the hatred of every loyal American. The act of the Spanish Admiral now makes it impossible for the American people or their forces to regard all of the Spanish people as ignorant and cruel demons. Not an officer of the American fleet will permit the Spanish officers to out do him in the amenities or courtesies of war, although the tension of the fighting attitude will not be relaxed for a moment.

THAT VICIOUS REPORT.

The only issue raised by this paper regarding the proceedings of the committee of the House relative to the conduct of the Superintendent of Public Works is that it has not given him any trial, and has stated positively in its report, and not conditionally, that he is guilty of serious crimes.

Now in order to show that these proceedings, conducted under the suspicious leadership of Loebenstein, are not made in good faith, we ask the public to recall Article 35, Section 2 of the Constitution which provides that the Minister of the Interior shall, with the consent of the President, appoint or remove the Superintendent of Public Works. The Constitution also provides that each Minister shall be responsible for the conduct of the departments under him, and that he may be, himself, removed from office by the President and the rest of the Cabinet.

Now if Mr. Rowell is guilty of any one of the many charges made against him, all that any citizen, or member of the House needed to do was to step into the office of the Minister of the Interior and say "Mr. Minister, the Superintendent of Public Works has broken the law in regard to a building contract (mentioning it) and he should be removed." I don't think the Minister is bound under the Constitution to act, and if he does not, is liable to removal himself.

Why has not this procedure been taken during the last three years by the men who deem Mr. Rowell guilty of offenses? Why has Mr. Rowell been left for Loebenstein to destroy? The quickening of the public mind, and the elaborate attack on the Superintendent, by Legislative machinery

Is the Minister of the Interior incompetent or corrupt so that he cannot be trusted? Do not these children in the Legislative kindergarten see that by refusing to adopt the simple method of reaching the Superintendent, as pointed out by the Constitution, they virtually charge the Minister of the Interior with incompetency or corruption?

When that eminent patriot, E. B. Thomas, complained of the Superintendent because he did not get the contract for building the Engine house, and when Mr. Paris, of Kona, complained because he could not have it his own way about roads, why did they not simply follow out the constitutional method and call on the Minister to do his duty and remove Mr. Rowell?

When men resort to a round-about way of doing things, there is a suspicion that there is something that is not "square" in the proceedings, and that they are afraid of taking the simple method.

If the Minister cannot be trusted to pass upon the case of a dishonest official, of his own appointment, he should be removed. Possibly these members who have not shown much loyalty to the Government of their own creation, may suspect the Minister's honesty, and are restoring to the more elaborate, costly method of removal by impeachment.

If this is their plan, the Senate must sit in judgment, and we shall have an all summer session of the Legislature. They may impeach the Superintendent for crimes, and then impeach the Minister of the Interior for not removing a man guilty of crimes. Loebenstein hopes to rake the chestnuts of Rowell's removal out of Legislative fire, and like a cunning ape, is using the cats-paws of the members in pulling it out. He also adroitly uses the cats-paws of the Star, of the Independent, and of "Tomtit's Blizzard" (with fresh blood from America) in doing it. Loebenstein has not yet been able to remove the President for treason. But he succeeds in playing some of the members of the House, and his newspaper allies for fools.

UNWISE ENLISTMENTS.

He was a wise Colonel of a New York regiment who said to his men, after they had offered their services to the Government: "Very many of you have offered to enlist, because you are afraid of being called cowards, if you do not. Many of you have wives, children, or relatives dependent on you. You have no right to enlist until those who have none dependent on them have had the chance, nor, until you are actually needed. I will examine each case, and if I refuse you permission to enlist you can tell your friends that I am responsible and refuse to let you go."

In the hysterical patriotism of the crowd injustice is done, and much distress is inflicted upon women and children. We hear of young men, in the troops which passed through this place recently, that have left their families practically destitute. During the great war in America such cases were common and flagrant. After the hysterical period passed off, volunteering stopped, to a large extent, and the armies were recruited by conscription, which treated all alike.

In a war for the sake of humanity, inhumanity or suffering should not be an incident on the side of its defenders. War is savagery. Its miseries must be strictly bounded. Those who should go to the front are those who can be spared, with the least suffering.

It has been often said that the last two years of the American Civil War were fought out, on the side of the North by "Irishmen and Dutchmen." There is much truth, but not all truth, in the statement. General Sherman endorsed it. Just so long as good soldiers could be obtained from the foreign element, by purchasing substitutes, there was no reason why good men should be sacrificed. Should the war continue in the Philippines, some of the splendid fellows that stepped on our shores will perish, and for years to come their deaths will cause unnecessary suffering in many homes. In these hours of excitement even Patriotism becomes restive in the hands of Common Sense.

THE GREAT ALLIANCE

The British papers continue to comment on Mr. Chamberlain's speech, in which he openly, and emphatically suggested an alliance between Great Britain and the United States. His suggestion is cordially approved of with the exception of some of the more conservative journals. These suggest that there have already been some epidemics of good will between the two countries, followed by equally severe epidemics of bad temper.

The proposed alliance must have a sound business basis or it can not last. As a rule, the Anglo-Saxons and the Latins do not make successful business partnerships. The racial traits predominate. Even the Anglo-Saxons do not work and in harmony with the Germans or the Russians. Temperament and habit tend to separate them. Political institutions and thought prevent them from becoming congenial companions.

Between the British and Americans there is a strong similarity in racial instincts, in their political institutions, in the construction of their laws and the administration of them. Their business and industrial methods are also alike, and a common language brings them closely together. The separation of the countries by an ocean, and the unfortunate Revolution have kept them apart. Chaucer Depe said last year, that if there was a war between Great Britain and the United States, it would be largely due to the histories furnished the American school children that perpetuated the original grievances of the Americans and even misrepresented facts. But the new histories are less frantic now, and the Jingoes of the two nations don't make such dreadful faces at each other.

The British understand the value of foreign trade, and have built up an enormous shipping. The Americans have permitted their commercial flag to be virtually driven from the seas. The British desire to hold their enormous foreign trade as against the continental nations, and they need a strong and healthy partner. The Americans begin to see the absolute need of foreign trade, and that it may be secured through a partnership with the only nation that has points in common with them.

There is no sentiment in the proposed union. It is a matter of self interest in which racial resemblances and common ideas on political government make the union easy. It is given and taken on both sides. And it is especially convenient in the state of present Christian civilization where the merchant marine must trade under cover of the guns of the cruisers.

In the period of the early part of the eighteenth century, the merchantmen were conveyed by ships of war. At the end of the nineteenth century, the world seems to be no better off.

If Great Britain will throw into the ditch with America, her great fleet, and a share in her foreign trade, and America promises to throw in her coming navy, and her growing strength, we shall see "The greatest show on Earth," as showman Barnum called his amalgamated menageries.

JAPANESE CHIVALRY.

After the capture of the Chinese fleet at Wai-hai-wai, during the late Chinese-Japanese war, the Chinese Admiral Ting, after surrendering, committed suicide on his battleship, rather than face trial and death at home. Admiral Ito, who had received his surrender, was an old friend of his, and desired to give him the honor of military burial at his home in China. He resorted to this extraordinary and chivalrous method of doing it.

The Chinese war ships that had surrendered and were in possession of the Japanese forces, had become the property of the Japanese Government, and Admiral Ito could not dispose of them. But the warship on which Admiral Ting had killed himself had not been taken possession of. Admiral Ito thereupon said to the Chinese officers: "I do not accept the surrender of your vessel. Take her, and go to China with the body of your Admiral, and give him all the naval honors."

This is in its noble sympathy, and the enormous sacrifice of a valuable war ship, perhaps the most chivalrous incident recorded in authentic history.

Admiral Nelson, after the battle of the Nile, would have been startled if one of the seamen had, with permission, stepped up to him, on the quarter deck, made his bow, and handed him a printed pamphlet, saying: "Admiral, here is an account of yesterday's battle written by a f'c'stle hand."

We have before us a small pamphlet lettered, "A brief description of the battle of Manila Bay," by J. A. Wisner and H. F. Humphrey of the Baltimore's crew, composed and published on the Baltimore, after the recent engagement. Extracts from it appear in another column.

The next newspaper ventures will be "extras" issued every half hour, in naval engagements, from the Flagship, and sold at the usual prices to passengers who have taken round trips for the war in "liners" which can steam about at a safe distance from the engagements and insist on having the news hot and immediately.

Labor From Here.

Frank Wilburton, who since the wreck of the S. S. Kaala on the other side of this island, has been doing odd jobs along the water front, left for San Francisco on the Peru yesterday with 89 Japanese laborers. His objective point is Clipperton Island off the coast of Central America where he will attend to the work of shipping guano to America, Japan and these islands. The job was given him by T. H. Davies & Co., who represent Arunde & Co. Mr. Wilburton will charter a vessel in San Francisco and will proceed to Clipperton Island with his gang of Japanese laborers. He expects to be gone about six months at the end of which time he will return here.

A COFFEE FUNGUS

A Guatemalan Coffee Expert Writes of Pests.

In Communication With Prof. Koebbe—Leaf Disease That Has Given Much Trouble.

Since the recent communication from Washington, relating to the coffee leaf disease in Guatemala, further inquiries were made, especially to ascertain if the Ceylon leaf disease exists in Central America as stated by Semler in his work "Die Tropische Agricultur" vol. 1, p. 297. In writing about the Hemileia vastatrix, Semler states that in 1869 it appeared first in Ceylon and from here spread within a few years over the whole of India and the Malayan Archipelago, later it reached the Fiji Islands and Mauritius and during the late years has appeared in South and Central America in certain places. July, 1894, the disease appeared for the first time in German, East Africa, yet it had been present earlier at the later place, as Dr. Warburg found it upon coffee leaves collected at Victoria Nyanza by Stuhlman in March, 1892.

While at Sydney, Australia in '94, a letter was received from the Hamburg Company stating that the coffee trees at that time were all dying owing to the presence of the Ceylon leaf disease. During my visit in Mexico last summer coffee trees were examined in the States of Vera Cruz, Puebla, Oaxaca, Morelos and Michoacan, yet in no instance did I find any indication of a fungoid disease as mentioned by Mr. Dieseldorff. The larva of a small moth appears to be present everywhere, mining the coffee leaves and producing irregular brown spots of about one-half inch in diameter, yet never so numerous as to cause any injury. The mature insect could not be bred and may prove to be the same as in Brazil where the larva of a small white moth has, in former years at least, been very abundant and destructive. During 1883, while studying the cotton insects at Bonito, Province Pernambuco, 36,000 such mines were estimated upon every single coffee tree and the little white moths were swarming amongst the numerous dead leaves on ground.

As will be seen in the appended letter from Guatemala, the stilbium flavidum appears to be most severe in wet and shady places, from the Hemileia vastatrix the reverse may rather be expected, trees growing in dry and exposed localities succumb first to its attacks.

Coban, 21st de April, de 1898.

A. KOEBBE, ESQ.

Honolulu
Dear Sir:—In answer to your favor of 24th ulto., I beg to state that the Ceylon leaf disease Hemileia vastatrix has not so far been known in Central America. Semler is mistaken. The fungus which is doing considerable damage to coffee estates in wet position, especially where there is heavy, clayey subsoil is called, "Stilbium flavidum." The special agent of United States Department of Agriculture who has studied it is Mr. Walter T. Swingle, Division of Vegetable Physiology, Washington. The disease has been known to exist for the last 15 years and attacks especially older plantations and where the trees are planted too closely, so that neither sun, light nor heat can reach the soil. The leaves show small 1-4 or 1-3 inch brown spots, the fungus is shaped like a needle with a yellow seed bushel on top, soon afterwards the leaves and fruit attacked drop and the tree, although not dying right out, gives only 1-10th of the crop it ought to give. The drier coffee zones are exempt from the fearful attacks of stilbium, where it exists but does not flourish, but estates from 2,000 to 4,500 feet above sea level with cold stiff sub-soil, rainfall about 200 inches the year, trees planted at 2 to 2 1/2 yards square are bound to be attacked sooner or later. A loose soil or mixed with sandstone or slaty bits is comparatively free from stilbium. The best remedy so far is 1—To avoid stiff soils in wet positions, 2—Plant at 3 to 4 yards square so that sun gets down to soil, 3—Clear off all shade; 4—Collect leaves on ground and burn them. I am now introducing the Bordelaise sauce, but cannot say what the results are, as I am just beginning my experiments. Your advice would be very welcome. Personally I have lost a small fortune through appearance of stilbium in my estates. There does hardly seem to exist an efficient remedy against fungus attacks. I have let all the Chrysolomus loose, but cannot say whether they got on well. If I shall need more, I shall avail myself of your kind offer. Always at your service
Yours very truly,
E. P. DIESELDORFF

Off for the Coast.

Among the departures for San Francisco on the Peru yesterday were the following
John Ena, Vice-President of the I I S. N. Co., Mrs. Ena and two children Mr. and Mrs. Ena go to bring their two daughters from school. It is their expectation to be back in six weeks time.

Captain Campbell, Superintendent for the Inter-Island Co., goes to spend a six weeks' vacation in San Francisco. He will return to Honolulu with his wife who is now in San Francisco Judge Perry and Miss Perry who

are off on a pleasure trip of a couple of months to the States.

Mrs. Winterhalter, who goes to San Francisco to join her husband, Lieut. Winterhalter of the U. S. S. Bennington.

Jas. F. Morgan, who will spend a three months' vacation in the States.

The Blue Ribbon Meet.

What will in all probability be the last program offered at Cyclomere park, will be put on next Saturday afternoon by the racing wheelmen of the city as a benefit for the Hawaiian Red Cross Society. A very good list has been made up and all the riders are in training. Grand stand tickets will be offered for sale this week at 50 cents. Bleacher admission will be two-bits. Following is the program so far as arranged. Other numbers will be added:

Half mile open, amateur, two heats and final.

Half mile open, professional, one heat.

Exhibition trick riding by Honolulu's Trilby Fowler, Mike Miguel.

Two-thirds mile handicap, amateur, two heats and final.

Two-thirds mile handicap, professional, one heat.

Entries will close Wednesday at 3 p. m. with W. C. Weedon at Bruce Waring & Co.'s office.

Capt. Gridley Dead.

The sad news of the death of Captain Gridley, late commander of the U. S. S. Olympia, which did such fine work in the fight at Manila, was received on the Peru yesterday morning. Captain Gridley was ill when he was in Hong Kong before departure to Manila and Admiral Dewey advised him to stay off the ship but he would not remain from the fight. When this was over he began to ill again and it was finally prevailed upon him to leave the ship and to go to his home in the States. He arrived as far as Kobe, Japan, where he died on Sunday, June 5th. His complaint was dysentery. The body of the late Captain Gridley will pass through here on the Ocotie.

Commander Lamberton has been placed in command of the Olympia.

Captain Coffin, who passed through on the Peru, was a class mate of the late Captain Gridley at Annapolis.

In Supreme Court.

A session of Supreme Court was opened in the Judiciary Building with the Chief Justice and Associates Frear and Whiting on the bench. Three cases were argued, as follows:

Walluku Plantation Company vs. Hale, water, controversy.

Estate of C. Akana, land matter.

K. Holt, vs. Kaaukal, land matter.

There was quite an attendance of attorneys upon the opening of the court and the calendar was called as usual. Cases in which Judge Hartwell is counsel were postponed.

Annexation.

A letter received here from the Orient by the Coptic has some annexation news current at that cable end. It is to the effect that the joint resolution "has passed." It is believed that the telegraphic advices were that the resolution had gone through the House and to the Senate. There are a number of people in Honolulu who believe that the most acceptable annexation news yet will be received from the coast by the Moana tomorrow.

A Trip Abroad.

Dr. Maxwell expects to leave for Europe on July 6. He will go by way of Canada in order to confer with the executors of his late younger brother's affairs, news of whose sudden death upon his ranch was brought to Dr. Maxwell by the last mail.

Dr. Maxwell will then go to London and will be some six weeks in Europe, and will return to Honolulu in October.

Manoa Improvements.

Punahou street and the Manoa valley road are being very much improved. A considerable force is grading and placing stone. In the valley proper the new residence of Minister Cooper is almost completed and work is progressing satisfactorily on the proposed Castle home. The indications are that within a very few years Manoa will become as popular a residential section as Makiki.

"There's no use in talking," says W. H. Broadwell, druggist, La Cygne, Kas. "Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy does the work. After taking medicines of my own preparation and those of others I took a dose of Chamberlain's and it helped me; a second dose cured me. Candidly and conscientiously I can recommend it as the best thing on the market." For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaiian Islands.

The pastor of the Japanese M. E. Church says that anyone who has not had an opportunity to subscribe to the church building fund may do so by sending remittances to P. O. box 219, Honolulu.

THE CHICORY BILL

Laid on Table at Committee's Recommendation.

House Raises Salary of Ministers.
Unfavorable Report on
Opium Bill

SENATE.

One hundred-sixth Day, June 20.

The Chinese immigration act came up on third reading and passed without discussion. Senators Horner and McCandless were excused from voting as they had been absent during discussion. No votes were cast in the negative.

Notification was received that the House had refused to concur in Senate amendments to the bill relating to the jurisdiction of Circuit Courts and a conference was asked. The request was complied with.

The bill imposing a duty of 25 cents a pound on chicory was taken up with the recommendation of the Commerce Committee that the bill be laid on the table. Senator Baldwin said in further explanation that there was nothing deleterious in coffee adulterated with chicory. Until two years ago the adulterated coffee came from the coast. A duty was placed on coffee and now Hawaiian coffee is used as a foundation for adulteration with chicory by people who cannot afford pure coffee. The bill was laid on the table.

The Judiciary Committee brought in a substitute bill granting a franchise for a street railway in Hilo. The bill passed first reading.

At 11 o'clock the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

The House took up for consideration Senate bill 5, now well known to the public and at once there was an attempt on the part of some of the members to raise the salaries of various holders of Government offices, while there was a strong tide against this.

While the Sergeant-at-Arms went out to look for one of the Ministers, Rep. Gear, under suspension of rules, read the report of the Committee on Health and Education on Senate bill 41, relating to the importation of opium. This was laid on the table to be considered with the bill.

The opium bill will undoubtedly provoke much discussion in the House and, from the looks of things now, it is very likely that the Speaker will have to cast the deciding vote. The report is given in another column.

Rep. Kahaulelio moved that the salary of the Deputy Marshal be raised from \$4,000 to \$4,800. The Attorney-General arose and said he was in favor of \$4,000. No explanations were made. Rep. Pogue stated that he believed in economy but he was likewise on the side of the fitness of things. He should certainly get as much as the Deputy Collector of Customs. He was sure that the attempt to keep the salary of the Deputy Marshal down to \$4,000 was due to the personnel of the office. It was not the man that should be considered but the work that was necessary to be done. Rep. Achi said that the Sheriff of Hawaii was getting \$5,000. The Deputy Marshal was above him and yet it was sought to keep his salary down. Upon being put to vote, Reps. Isenberg, Kahaulelio, Achi, Kaal, Pogue, Richards and Kaeo were found to be in favor of the raise. Rep. McCandless was the only one who stood up when the other side was called for.

Rep. McCandless wanted the salary of the Jailor at Oahu Jail raised. Rep. Pogue had voted for his friends. He felt he was entitled to the same privilege. The position of Jailor was an important one.

The salary of the Jailor was not raised.

Then came the items under the head of Department of Education. The Commissioners of Education had set their heart on having a deputy inspector for Hawaii and another for Maui, Molokai and Lanai combined and such items had been inserted in the bill. The report of the Educational Committee, framed by Rep. Atkinson, had recommended the striking out of these two items and the appointment of a traveling normal inspector. Rep. McCandless said that Mr. Atkinson was a man very much used to such matters and his advice should be taken. Rep. Robertson moved that the items recommended be stricken out and that the department go back to the old order of things with an inspector and deputy inspector. The items for two deputy inspectors were stricken out and the other for a traveling normal inspector, passed.

House took a recess at 12 m.

AFTERNOON SESSION

Upon considering appropriations for school teachers, Rep. Isenberg made a plea to the Minister of Education that some effort be made to teach the Hawaiian children their native language. At the present time there were only about 60 per cent of the native children who understood their mother tongue.

Next came the consideration of the salary of the Minister of the Interior. This was raised to \$12,000. Then a motion to the effect that the salaries of all the Cabinet Ministers be considered, carried. A motion was next made to place these at \$12,000 each. Rep. Robertson asked that \$10,000 be the mark. The Treasury would cer-

tainly be in a sad state if this sort of thing continued. There would be no money left for the roads. The salaries were raised by a vote of 7 to 6.

The salary of electoral registrar was raised from \$600 to \$1,200.

The salary of the Surveyor-General passed at \$6,000. When it was read, Rep. Pogue said, sotto voce, "make it \$10,000."

When it came to the salary of draughtsman in the Survey Department, Rep. Kaal showed a fine map of Molokai that had been done by the present incumbent of the office, Mr. Chris. Willis. The young man had been employed to do work for the United States Government at Pearl Harbor and complimentary advice from Washington expressing satisfaction, had been received. The young man's salary should be raised to \$2,400.

Then came a long discussion by the members on the attitude of certain members in not voting. This lasted about three-quarters of an hour or more. The item finally passed at \$2,400.

The salary of the Superintendent of Water Works was allowed to remain at \$5,400.

At 4 p. m. House adjourned but not, however, until even this matter had been thoroughly discussed.

GUARDIAN CARTER.

Further Steps Taken in the Case of John K. Sumner.

Judge Antonio Perry held a rush session of the District Court yesterday forenoon and appointed J. O. Carter to be guardian for John K. Sumner, who has been declared non compos mentis. A pro forma objection was made by P. L. Weaver as attorney for Sumner. The bond of Mr. Carter was fixed at \$10,000.

The property that has lately been transferred by Sumner to his wife through Robt. Wilcox and others is ordered conveyed back again and the mortgage of \$5,500 made by Sumner to get into the rice business is ordered cancelled. The notes are declared null and void.

Sons of Revolution

Eighteen members attended the annual meeting of the Hawaiian Society of Sons of the American Revolution, held at the Safe Deposit building at noon yesterday. P. C. Jones was in the chair. Reports showed the affairs of the organization to be in satisfactory condition. There were four deaths during the past year. The present membership is fifty-six, with a number of applications in prospect. An election of officers to serve for the next twelve months was held and resulted as follows:

President—A. F. Judd.
Vice-President—W. F. Allen.
Registrar—W. D. Alexander.
Secretary—W. O. Atwater.
Treasurer—W. J. Forbes.
Board of Managers—P. C. Jones, W. R. Castle, F. J. Lowrey.

Is Touring the Globe.

Will L. Piers, representing the Chamberlain Medicine Co., was a caller at this office after the arrival of the Peru. Mr. Piers has just returned from a two years and a half trip through Asia, Africa and India.

The Chamberlain Medicine Co. of Des Moines, Iowa, is one of the best known medicine companies of the United States and their goods are known in every market in the world. This company has advertised with the Hawaiian Gazette Co. for many years and if their medicines are as good as their business principle it is no wonder that Chamberlain remedies meet with a ready sale.

Mission Children.

The annual meeting of the Hawaiian Mission Children's Society will be held on the evening of Friday, June 24th, at half-past seven o'clock, in the Sunday school room of Central Union Church.

At this meeting will occur the election of officers for the ensuing year, the reading of the yearly reports and the address of the retiring president. This is the important meeting of the year. Let all members be present.

Presented a Banner.

At Oahu College yesterday morning Miss Mamie Widdifield presented to the Athletic Association, on behalf of the young ladies who had made it, a silk banner, worked in the college colors. The banner is the reward for winning the inter-scholastic base ball championship. For the Association the banner was received and acknowledgment made by Clarence Cooke.

Stocks Jump

There were several lively hours in the stock market yesterday. The most notable transactions were in P. H. Honokaa and Makaweli. Ewa simply jumped. While there were sales at \$350, as much as \$400 was asked. It was predicted that Ewa would go to \$500. Honokaa was \$250 and Makaweli \$125. Better crop reports are coming in every day.

A Special Line

It was stated before a Senate committee a couple of days ago that the Honolulu Rapid Transit Company intended for one thing to establish a five minute service between the post office and the Government buildings. This would be a great convenience and the patronage would be very heavy at times and steady all day.

SCHOOL CLOSINGS

Annual Commencement Exercises at Oahu College.

IN PAUHAU HALL TONIGHT

Class of '98—Graduation Program for Punahou Preparatory—St. Louis Begins With a Band.

Oahu College commencement exercises will be held this evening at 8 o'clock in Pauhaui hall, the finest auditorium in the city. The program, under the direction of President Hosmer, is a brief, but attractive one, as follows:

Overture—Festival..... Hermann Hawaiian Orchestra.
Invocation.....
Rev. Hiram Bingham, D. D.
Pandora.....
Martha M. Afong.
The Case of Captain Dryfus..... Ferdinand F. Hedemann.
Organ—Grand Chorus..... Dubois Mr. Ingalls.
The Anglo-American Alliance..... William T. Rawlins.
Shakespeare, the Master..... Mary C. Widdifield.
Solo. Arioso—O thou cruel sea!..... Delibes Miss Hyde.
The Will and the Way..... Harry A. Kluegel.
The Decade of Spain. Valedictory. William B. Godfrey.
Song—Good Night..... Abt Glee Club.
Presentation of Diplomas
Benediction.....
Rev. Douglas P. Birnie.
Finale—Silver Crown..... Kappey Hawaiian Orchestra.

These are the members of the class of '98:
Martha Muriel Afong, William Benjamin Godfrey, Ferdinand Frederick Hedemann, Harry Allard Kluegel, William Thomas Rawlins, Mary Cornwell Widdifield.

PUNAHOU PREPARATORY.

At 9 this morning Punahou Preparatory School will have the following graduating exercises:

Song—Over the Sea..... Chorus.
Invocation.....
Rev. Douglas Putnam Birnie.
Modern Coast Defense..... Alice B. Kluegel.
The Progress of Honolulu..... Alvina M. Marshall.
Olaf Oss.
The Great Drainage Canal of Mexico. Bessie T. Hopper.
Music—The Nightingale's Song..... Chorus.
The British Navy..... Arthur E. Jordan.
Tom, the Maine's Mascot..... Florence Hall.
The Bridge Across the Niagara River. Henry F. Damon.
A Winter in Scotland..... Margaret M. L. Catton.
The Mammoth Cave of Kentucky..... Frederick O. Adler.
Song—The Good Soldier..... Chorus.
The Crusades..... Ruth E. Godfrey.
Uncivilized Nations of the World..... William Ahean.
Cuba's Later Years..... Alfred L. Castle.
Peter the Great and What He Did for Russia. M. Elvora Sturgeon.
Song—A June Day..... Chorus.

These are the members of the Preparatory School graduating class:
Frederick Otto Adler, William Ahean, Alfred Lowrey Castle, Margaret Mary Louise Catton, Henry Fowler Damon, Ruth Eliza Godfrey, Florence Hall, Bessie Templeton Hopper, Arthur Edward Jordan, Alice Bunker Kluegel, Alvina Martha Marshall, Olaf Oss, Margaret Elvora Sturgeon.

ST. LOUIS COLLEGE.

At 3 this afternoon the St. Louis College band will give a concert to which the public is invited. It will be something good. Here is the program:

PART I
March—Vienna..... Schramme.
Motet—Quid retribuam Domino..... Lambillotte.
E Flat Clarinet Solo—Song of the Roses..... Robinson.
Master S. J. Kaulukou.
(a)—Marcha..... Prendiville.
(b)—Interlude..... Prendiville.
(c)—Melodie..... Prendiville.
Solo and Chorus—Roses Underneath the Snow..... Danks.
Solo and Chorus—Cackle, Cackle, Cackle..... Bognal.

PART II
March—The Little Trooper..... Johnson.
Overture—The Jolly Students..... Ferrazzi.
Waltzes—On the Rhine..... Keler.
Bela Ga'op—The Sharpshooters..... Beyer.
Hawaii Ponoi.

Hundreds of thousands have been induced to try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy by reading what it has done for others, and having tested its merits for themselves are today its warmest friends. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaiian Islands.

A Baby Lion!

Did you ever see one? It is as playful and harmless as a kitten. You might have one with you for weeks and not suspect danger. But, beware! Some day it will surely spring, and the fight for life is at hand. It is just so with a cough. You may carry one with you for weeks and not think of danger. But the danger is there. Some day the fight will be on, and it is a question which will win, Consumption or You.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

promptly cures all baby coughs; but it cannot always cure the full grown coughs of the most advanced stages of disease. Yet even here it will bring comfort and ease. Then use it early for acute colds, croup, bronchitis and all pulmonary troubles.

Beware of cheap imitations. See that the name, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, is blown in the glass of each bottle. Put up in large and small bottles.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agents.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

A number of people are down with the measles.

Judge Kalua and wife arrived from Maui on Sunday.

The steamer Upolu sails at 2 p. m. Wednesday, instead of today.

The Summer School will open July 11, and will continue for three weeks.

The Hilo race horse J. R. will start in events here on July 4. The animal is still owned by Mr. Wilson.

Judge Kalua, of the Maui Circuit, occupied an honorary seat on the Supreme Court bench yesterday.

There are several candidates for the post of Deputy Auditor-General. Geo. W. R. King's name is on the list.

From the beginning of this year up to May 29th, 4,093 cases of plague, resulting in 723 deaths, were reported in Formosa.

There are about a hundred Honolulu people who are trying to get accommodations on the Alameda for San Francisco.

Dr. Hyde is thought to be on the high road to recovery. So much better was he yesterday that he was able to come down stairs for a short time.

W. D. Dale, engineer at Naalehu, Hawaii, and Miss Bessie Corbell were married Thursday afternoon at St. Andrew's Cathedral by the Rev. Alex. Mackintosh.

Word is received that water has been struck at 85 feet at the first boring for the proposed new plantation on Lanai and there is a strong and steady flow.

Henry C. Meyers, at present a clerk in the office of the Minister of Interior, is said to be a formidable dark horse candidate for the new billet of Deputy Auditor-General.

Captain Coffin, formerly of the U. S. S. Charleston passed through here on the Peru on his way from Japan to his home in the States. During his stay he was a visitor aboard the Moheican.

All the race horses that started on June 11 are in training for July 4. L. L. McCandless is rather doubtful about entering Irish Lassie in the free-for-all. Colonel Cornwell will start Red Pike in half mile events.

The marriage engagement is announced of Wm. H. Wright, Deputy Tax Assessor for Oahu and Miss H. K. Gandall, of Hanalei, Kauai. There are no more popular young people in the Islands than these two.

There is a new race horse here for the July 4 meet. The animal arrived per sailing vessel last week from the Coast and is said to be a good one. It belongs to local but that usually has an interest in all the good things going.

The Washington Star says that the quartermaster's department has contracted for 50,000 canvas suits, designed especially for the use of troops in tropical countries, and they are being shipped rapidly to the mobilizing points.

News was brought on the Peru yesterday that the Coptic's passenger room had been entirely engaged in China and Japan. This made it necessary for several who expected to go on her, to rush matters and take passage on the Peru.

The schooner Labrador is in the same position as she was when she struck several days ago off Makani, but the Attorney-General has libelled her boats, tackle, apparel, furniture, etc. The order to the Marshal to take the schooner in custody has been given and the case will come up for trial in the Circuit Court on June 27th.

WAVERLEY CLUB.

Business Transacted at a Meeting of the Managers.

At Saturday evening's meeting of the managing committee of the Waverley Club, Messrs. Conn, Winston and Winaut took their seats at the council board for the first time.

The special committee reported memorial resolutions on the death of Theo. H. Davies for presentation at the next quarterly meeting which will be held on July 8th.

Applications for membership must be filed on or before July 2nd and members desirous of being "in good standing" at the meeting must see that their dues are paid up to date.

Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

Occidental & Oriental Steamship Co.

Steamers of the above companies will call at Honolulu and leave this port on or about the dates below mentioned.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA:

BELGIC.....June 25
PERU.....July 5
COPTIC.....July 14
RIO DE JANEIRO.....July 23

FOR SAN FRANCISCO:

RIO DE JANEIRO.....June 28
GALIC.....July 5
CITY OF PEKING.....July 17

For freight and passage and all general information, apply to

H. Hackfeld & Co., Ltd.

—AGENTS.—

TIME TABLE

Wilder's Steamship Company

—1898—

S. S. KINAU,

CLARKE, COMMANDER.

Will leave Honolulu at 10 o'clock a. m., touching at Lahaina, Maui, Bay and Makana the same day; Mahukona, Kawaihae and Laupahoehoe the following day, arriving in Hilo the same afternoon.

LEAVE HONOLULU.

*Tuesday...June 21/Tuesday....Aug. 2
Friday.....July 1/Friday.....Aug. 12
Tuesday....July 12/Tuesday....Aug. 23
*Friday.....July 22/Friday.....Sept. 2

Will call at Pohoiki, Puna, on trips marked *.
Returning, will leave Hilo at 8 o'clock a. m., touching at Laupahoehoe, Mahukona and Kawaihae the same day; Makana, Maui, Bay and Lahaina the following day, arriving at Honolulu the afternoon of Tuesdays and Fridays.

ARRIVE HONOLULU

Tuesday...June 28/Tuesday....Aug. 9
Friday.....July 8/Friday.....Aug. 19
Tuesday....July 19/Tuesday....Aug. 30
Friday.....July 29/Friday.....Sept. 9

Will call at Pohoiki, Puna, on the second trip of each month, arriving there on the morning of the day of sailing from Hilo to Honolulu.
The popular route to the Volcano is via Hilo. A good carriage road the entire distance.
Round-trip tickets, covering all expenses, \$20.

S. S. CLAUDINE,

CAMERON, COMMANDER.

Will leave Honolulu Tuesdays at 5 o'clock p. m., touching at Kahului, Hana, Hamoa and Kipahulu Mondays. Returning arrives at Honolulu Sunday mornings.

Will call at Nuu, Kaupo, once each month.

No freight will be received after 4 p. m. on day of sailing.

This company reserves the right to make changes in the time of departure and arrival of its steamers WITHOUT NOTICE, and it will not be responsible for any consequences arising therefrom.

Consignees must be at the landings to receive their freight. This company will not hold itself responsible for freight after it has been landed.

Live stock received only at owner's risk.

This company will not be responsible for money or valuables of passengers unless placed in the care of pursers.

Packages containing personal effects, whether shipped by baggage or freight, if the contents thereof exceed \$100.00 in value, must have the value thereof plainly stated and marked, and the Company will not hold itself liable for any loss or damage in excess of this sum except the goods be shipped under a special contract.

All employees of the Company are forbidden to receive freight without delivering a shipping receipt therefor in the form prescribed by the Company and which may be seen by shippers upon application to the pursers of the Company's steamers.

Shippers are notified that if freight is shipped without such receipt, it will be solely at the risk of the shipper.

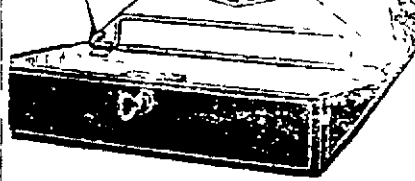
Passengers are requested to purchase tickets before embarking. Those failing to do so will be subject to an additional charge of 25 per cent.

C. L. WIGHT, President.
S. B. ROSE, Secretary.

CAPT. J. A. KING, Port Superintendent.

Our Claim

Upon your attention today will prove a safe investment for you.



THE SAFETY DOCUMENT FILE

Keeps valuable Papers of all kinds safe. Enamelled Metal Case, strong Manila Pockets, separate and removable. Best and safest system of filing. Leases, Contracts, Insurance Policies, Notes, Bonds, Mortgages, Deeds, Etc. Two sizes:

No. 10. Size 2½x4½ inches closed. Contains 24 pockets 4½x10½. Price \$2.

No. 20. Size 4½x5½ inches closed. Contains 31 pockets 4½x10½. Price \$2.50.

Sole Agents for Hawaiian Islands.

Wall, Nichols Company

Read the Hawaiian Gazette (Semi-Weekly).

OUR REPUTATION

For fine watch work is widespread; but we wish to impress the few who may not yet be in line, with the necessity of sending their watches when out of order to us directly, and not first allow every tinkering to ruin the watch, after which, send it to us for proper repairs.

The Cost is always more to you, after such treatment; ever so much better to send it right down to us, for we allow nothing but perfect work to leave our workshop.

You will be surprised, too, how much cheaper it will be, and how much more satisfactory to you.

Watches are securely packed in wooden boxes, and returned in the safest possible manner.

H. F. WICHMAN

BOX 342.

THEY DRILL WELL

Mounted and Foot Police Make
Fine howing.

OUT IN PUNAHOU PASTURE

Regular Movements and a Lot of
Fancy Maneuvering—Runaway.
Capt. Parker's Company.

A quorum of the House, a number of Government officials, the members of a golf club, representatives of the press, a hundred tourists and visitors from the other Islands, a dozen military men and a strong delegation of citizens, including many ladies and gentlemen a wheel, witnessed the police parade and drill in Punahou pasture, Manoa valley, on Saturday afternoon last.

Marshal A. M. Brown directed the display. The elements of his handsome and smart command were forty-eight foot police under Capt. Robt. Waipa Parker and the company of mounted officers under Capt. Spillner. The sun was shining brightly and there was a fresh breeze from the head of Manoa. A tent with refreshments for distinguished guests had been provided by the commander-in-chief. At the head of the House party was Representative Isenberg, who held the reins over a spanking team. Representative Pogue was the principal critic on horsemanship. At home this gentleman is one of the rough riders of Maui.

The field for drilling is a level sweep between two knolls, and if the stones were cleared away would be an absolutely perfect place for maneuvering a much larger force than the police can muster. It was a happy thought to carry the foot officers from town in busses. The way is long and part of it dusty and sharply up grade. The drill began about 3 o'clock and continued in a spirited manner for nearly two hours.

First the cavalry was put through company movements and executed every command with the prettiest precision. Then came a skirmish line showing and next, in the company formation, a battle formation. The firing line was sent out on foot. A good many blank cartridges were used. The cavalry company does exceedingly well at fancy drilling. One formation is a circle with the horses all lying down and the officers firing over their prostrate mounts. There was the flavor of the theatrical in the rescue at one time from the firing line of a wounded man by two messengers from the reserve. The man was raised up behind one of the riders without any dismounting and carried to the rear with the horse bucking. It was in such work as Capt. Spillner's men are called upon to do in the course of patrol duty that they excelled at drill. A native pony pulling a light break was sent across the field at a top gallop. Two of the officers were started in pursuit and on each trail succeeded in overthrowing the outfit in short order. Geo. Moan, one of Capt. Parker's men, sat in the brake and plied the whip vigorously. This was a very exciting act. A boy was mounted on a horse and rode for the hills at break neck speed. Two of the cavalrymen went after the runaway. One officer lifted the boy from the saddle while the other took charge of the frightened horse. The mounted force is in a high state of proficiency.

The fame of Capt. Robt. W. Parker as drill master is one of the institutions of the Islands. He is a finished tactician and has a fine control of men. In the company for display Capt. Parker's lieutenants were Capt. Kanea and Lieut. Warran. For drill or campaign service the foot police have a uniform of bluejacket hats, black sweaters, blue trousers and brown leggings. They are armed with the Lee-Remington rifle. Capt. Parker put his command through the manual of arms and the school of the company without a break. The men size up beautifully and are all sturdy, healthy and erect and with the snap of a cadet company. They made a most attractive stage picture moving over the sward like a machine and handling their rifles to the cadence. The company did open order drill and loading and firing by command and firing at will in the best possible style. The triumph of Parker and his men came at the ten-minute exercise of manual of arms and bayonet without command. In this exercise the forty-eight men did something that appeared to all the spectators as little less than marvelous. The manual of arms was old style, but neat and like everything else in absolute perfection. The bayonet exercise was from the British, German and American regulations and it would require extensive traveling to see anything quite so good.

Marshal Brown, Spillner, Parker and the men themselves were most heartily congratulated on the splendid showing made and during the drilling the applause was frequent. The only drawback to the field work was the necessity of operating in single rank and the fact of the afternoon such as would be required by military orders were not observed. The accuracy of the men are in first class condition and quite complete. The training of the cavalry company are in the best and best well trained.

An Island Quartette.

John Ena, Jas. F. Morgan, Captain Campbell and Fred B. Oat were passengers by the Peru yesterday and

flocked together. Morgan has promised to save Ena from the persuasions of the auctioneers and gold brick men of the coast. Mr. Ena was born here and is making his first trip abroad. All of the quartette members are taking the voyage on account of health. In the absence of Captain Campbell Captain Godfrey will have charge of the comings and goings of the Inter-Island steamers.

BACCALAURIATE.

Address of Rev. Mr. Birnie to
Oahu Class of 1898.

The auditorium of Central Union church was well filled with young people last evening, eager to listen to Rev. Douglas Putnam Birnie's address to the graduating class of Oahu College. The pastor referred to the occasion as the parting of the ways. The students had ended their school days in Hawaii and would now brush up against the sterner realities of life.

Mr. Birnie stated that he would not speak of the pathway of sin and vice. That way did not appeal to them. He would speak of two roads that run along closely to each other. One was good but the other was better. He was confident that the student who followed the road of selfishness would bring on bitterness in the years that are to come. He urged that every member of the graduating class of '98 would seek to spread their knowledge. He considered it every man's duty to do this. The pastor referred to the success attained by Hawaii's illustrious son, General Armstrong, during his lifetime. One of the grandest monuments in all the United States today stood to his memory in the Hampton school which was founded by him. Mr. Birnie sincerely hoped that there were Armstrongs in the class of '98.

LABOR PROBLEM.

Board Inspector Dispatched to
Plantations.

Wray Taylor sailed away on the steamer Mauna Loa yesterday on an official mission. He is making a tour as inspector and secretary for the National Board of Immigration.

The first stop of the inspector will be at Wailuku plantation on Maui. Here Mr. Taylor will investigate the trouble with the Manchurian laborers, reported in this paper a few days ago. There are thirty-eight of these Manchurians still in jail at Wailuku and Kahului for refusing labor and rioting.

The Board has directed Mr. Taylor to make close inquiry at Spreckelsville concerning the reports of numerous desertions from the Quong Fung and Sam Sing camps.

After leaving Spreckelsville, Mr. Taylor will go to Paauhau, Honokaa, and adjoining plantations on the Island of Hawaii and investigate thoroughly the matter of desertions of both Chinese and Japanese contract laborers from this vicinity.

All parties interested will have full hearing during the investigations made by Mr. Taylor. The secretary takes along both a Japanese and a Chinese interpreter supplied by the labor companies.

Good Experting.

The members of the Senate Committee in whose charge the matter of investigation into the affairs of the various departments of the Government was given, are very much pleased with the work of their expert, G. W. R. King, who has completed seven reports for them. The work is neat and to the point, showing just what was wanted by the committee. No comments whatever are made on the work of the departments. There is just a plain statement of facts and that is all.

Suicide on Kauai.

The James Mace brought news from Kapaa Sunday morning that a Chinese contract laborer, aged 18 years, had committed suicide by jumping into the Kealia river. This happened on Tuesday last and the body was not found until Thursday. He was a new laborer at Kealia and it is supposed that he became despondent over certain reverses.

Mr. Isaac Horner, proprietor of the Burton House, Burton, W. V., and one of the most widely known men in the State was cured of rheumatism after three years of suffering. He says: "I have not sufficient command of language to convey any idea of what I suffered, my physicians told me that nothing could be done for me and my friends were fully convinced that nothing but death would relieve me of my suffering. In June 1894, Mr. Evans, then salesman for the Whirling Drug Co. recommended Chamberlain's Pain Balm. At this time my foot and limb were swollen to more than double their normal size and it seemed to me my leg would never be able to move. I began using the Pain Balm the swelling began to decrease, the pain to leave, and now I consider that I am entirely cured. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Beware, Smith & Co. 124, agents for Hawaiian Islands."

The arrangement of the Hawaiian Islands was the subject of a lecture given at the Central Union church last evening.

IN STOCK MARKET

Has Been Lively Week in the
Island Securities.

EWA HIGHWATER MARK

Below Par Four Years Ago—Hono-
kaa and Oahu—An Exciting Day
and Good Prospects.

(From Saturday's Daily.)

This has been an interesting and active work in Hawaiian securities. Deals have been numerous. The trade yesterday was exciting and the week will close with a number of important transactions. There has been no fluctuation. The rise in all directions has been steady and marked. Money seems to be easier.

Ewa, which was selling below par four years ago went at \$333 yesterday, a block fifty shares was snapped up eagerly at that figure. There was a demand all through the day and all the brokers are looking for this gilded security.

Reports from Honokaa plantation had the effect of making that stock move up a few points. There were sales yesterday at \$240. It is less than a year ago that Honokaa was looked at askance.

The encouraging prospects of Ewa and the daily notes from Oahu have resulted in establishing a more solid foundation than ever for stock of the newer plantation. Oahu assessable, \$65 paid up, sold readily yesterday at \$67 and there are signs that it will command a still better price.

The owners of Olowalu stock are being congratulated by their friends. Up to a few months ago there were no sales at all in this corporation. Then the stock was hawked about \$50. A few of the shrewd ones bought. There has been one sale of Olowalu this week at \$95 and the holders are not at all anxious to dispose of their security.

Makaweli holds its own in a manner that vindicates the judgment of those who have held to the stock in the belief that it was good as any. There were a number of deals in Makaweli during the week. One occurred yesterday with the figure at \$120. Makaweli has only \$70 paid up, with par \$100. All the other stocks mentioned above are of the par value of \$100 a share and all are fully paid up. Ewa dividends are yet to come, but will be very handsome. The Ewa crop, as noted yesterday, will be larger than ever before.

Mutual Telephone is strong, with unsatisfied demand for the stock at good advance.

It is known that \$150 shares of Hart & Co., Ltd., have changed hands during the week. The sale figure was \$11, par \$10. This is a new stock that has established itself firmly.

Hawaiian Electric continues to advance.

There have been during this week a good many realty transactions. Land values are growing steadily. The principal demand is for residence lots.

A merry party of some 20 or more left the city on the J. A. Cummins at the early hour of 2:30 o'clock Sunday morning. They went to Bird Island, saw the sights and returned to the city at a little after 5 o'clock on the same day. Native singers were taken along and a fine time was had.

NOT SO FAR AWAY IN CHICAGO U. S. A.

Greatest Mail Order House in the World.
MONTGOMERY WARD & COMPANY,
111 to 120 Michigan Ave.
WHO ISSUE SEMI-ANNUALLY THE MOST COM-
PREHENSIVE

GENERAL CATALOGUE AND BUYERS' GUIDE.

Containing 600 pages (84 by 11 inches), 14,000 illustrations, 6,000 dependable quotations, and twenty SPECIAL PRICE LISTS, devoted to distinctive lines of GENERAL MERCHANDISE, viz: FURNITURE, CROCKERY, CUTLERY, IMPLEMENTS, WAGONS, CARRIAGES, DRUGS, MEDICINES, SEWING MACHINES, ORGANS, PIANOS, BOOKS, ETC. Also, PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS, CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES, BOOTS AND SHOES, CLOTHING, HATS, GLOVES, Hosiery, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CARPETS, DRY GOODS, WALL PAPER, DRUGS, ETC. Any one of all these publications will be sent postpaid upon application to dealers in foreign lands, including our "Home Book for Foreign Buyers." Send in your order, include your name, address and relative to whom you wish our literature to be forwarded, and we will send it to you at minimum price.

Goods Guaranteed as Represented or Money Refunded.

Montgomery Ward & Co.,
CHICAGO, U. S. A.
111 to 120 MICHIGAN AVENUE.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

The undersigned having been duly appointed Administrator with the will annexed of the estate of Simon Magnin, late of San Francisco, deceased, and having property in Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Hawaiian Islands, notice is hereby given to all persons to present their claims against the estate of said Simon Magnin duly authenticated, whether secured by mortgage or otherwise, to W. W. Hall, at his office, on Fort Street, Honolulu, within six months from the date hereof, or they will be forever barred. And all persons indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment thereof to the undersigned.

W. W. HALL,
Administrator with the will annexed of the estate of Simon Magnin, deceased.
Honolulu, May 19, 1898. 1970-417

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT, FIRST JUDICIAL CIRCUIT OF THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

In the matter of the Estate of JAMES
J. ROBINSON, of Kona, Island of
Hawaii, deceased, Intestate.

On reading and filing the petition and accounts of M. P. Robinson, Administrator of said estate, wherein he asks to be allowed \$357.91, and he charges himself with \$1,727.02, and asks that the same may be examined and approved, and that a final order may be made of distribution of the property remaining in his hands to the persons thereto entitled, and discharging him and his sureties from all further responsibility as such administrator:

It is ordered, that MONDAY, the 18th day of JULY, 1898, at 10 o'clock a. m., before the Judge of said Court at the Court room of said Court at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place for hearing said petition and accounts, and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted, and may present evidence as to who are entitled to the said property.

By the Court,
GEORGE LUCAS, Clerk.
Honolulu, June 13, 1898.
1976-317

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIRST CIRCUIT, HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

In re the application of Kela Kaka
Marquez, for an order empowering
her to make contracts, etc.

Kela Kaka Marquez, having applied to this Court for an order granting and empowering her to convey and dispose of her property and to make contracts under seal, during the absence of her husband, and other relief as more particularly appears in the petition on file in this cause:

It is hereby ordered that all persons having interest in any of her said property or desiring to be heard upon her said application, be and appear before this Court at the Judiciary Building, in Honolulu, on Friday, the 7th day of October, A. D. 1898, and show cause, if any they have, why the order prayed for in said petition should not be granted.

Dated Honolulu, June 6, 1898.
By the Court,
P. D. KELLETT, JR., Clerk.
1975-71

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIRST CIRCUIT, HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

Henry E. Cooper, Minister of the
Interior ad interim vs. George H.
Newton and Caroline Newton Clarke.
Action for condemnation of land for
public use.

The Republic of Hawaii:

To the Marshal of the Hawaiian
Islands, or his Deputy, Greeting:

You are commanded to summon George H. Newton and Caroline Newton Clarke, defendants in case they shall file written answer within twenty days after service hereof, to be and appear before the said Circuit Court at the August Term thereof, to be held at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, on Monday the 1st day of August next, at ten o'clock A. M., to show cause why the claim of Henry E. Cooper, Minister of the Interior ad interim, plaintiff should not be awarded to him pursuant to the tenor of his annexed petition.

And have you then there this writ with full return of your proceedings thereon.

Witness Hon. A. Perry, First
Judge of the Circuit Court,
of the First Circuit, at Ho-
nolulu, Oahu, this 11th day
of May, 1898.

GEORGE LUCAS, Clerk.
1867-3ms

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, THE AS-
signee in Bankruptcy of the Estate of
Maria G. Levinho gives notice that he
has filed in the Circuit Court, First
Circuit, Hawaiian Islands, his accounts
as such assignee, and has asked for a
settlement of the same and a discharge
and that hearing on the same has been
set for Friday, July 1st, A. D. 1898, at
10 o'clock a. m.

M. A. GONSALVES,
Assignee of the Estate of Maria G.
Levinho, Bankrupt.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING
been duly appointed Administrator of
the Estate of W. Y. Horner, Sr., late
of Lahaina, Maui, deceased:

Notice is hereby given to all persons
having claims against said estate to
present their claims duly authenticated
at the office of W. L. Decoto, La-
haina, Maui, within six months from
date hereof, or they will be forever
barred, and all persons indebted to
said estate are requested to make im-
mediate payment to the undersigned.

W. L. DECOTO,
Administrator Estate W. Y. Horner
Lahaina, Maui, June 14, 1898
1977-91

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING
been duly appointed Executor of the
will of Achi Keakamabana Akau, late
of Honolulu, deceased, notice is hereby
given to all persons having claims
against the said estate to present their
claims duly certified, at the office of
William O. Smith, Merchant street,
within six months from date hereof, or
they will be forever barred.

WILLIAM O. SMITH,
Executor of will of Achi K. Akau, de-
ceased.
Honolulu, June 7, 1898
1977-47

NOTICE OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT
A. M. Wilson and W. O. Wilson of the
Island of Hawaii, and T. O. Wilson of

Honolulu, in the Island of Oahu, of the
Republic of Hawaii, have become co-
partners for the purpose of carrying
on the business of a coffee plantation
and the development of the same; that
the firm name of said co-partnership
is Wilson and O'Neil, and the place
of business is at O'Neil in the said Island
of Hawaii.

Dated Honolulu, June 8, 1898.
WILDER, WISE & WAKEFIELD,
Attorneys for A. M. Wilson and T. O.
Wilson.
1975-21

NOTICE OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT
Gardner K. Wilder, W. S. Wise and
F. M. Wakefield, all of Hilo, in the
Island and Republic of Hawaii, have
formed a co-partnership for the pur-
pose of carrying on the practice of
Law and of engaging in a general real
estate and insurance business; that
the firm name of the said partnership
is Wilder, Wise and Wakefield, and
that the place of business is at Hilo in
the Republic of Hawaii.

Dated Hilo, June 8, 1898.
GARDNER K. WILDER,
W. S. WISE,
F. M. WAKEFIELD.
1975-21

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTEN- TION TO FORECLOSE AND OF SALE.

Notice is hereby given that by vir-
tue of a power of sale contained in a
certain mortgage dated the 31st day of
December, 1896, made by Ellen P.
Clark, of Honolulu, Island of Oahu,
Hawaiian Islands to the Estate of S.
G. Wilder, Ltd., a Hawaiian Corpora-
tion, and recorded in the office of the
Registrar of Conveyances in said Ho-
nolulu in Liber 166, pages 241, 242 and
243, said Estate of S. G. Wilder, Ltd.,
corporation, intends to foreclose the
said mortgage contained, to wit: non-
payment of interest when due. Notice
is also hereby given that all and sin-
gular the land, tenements and heredi-
taments in said mortgage contained
and described will be sold at public
auction at the auction rooms of J. F.
Morgan on Queen street, in said Ho-
nolulu, on Monday, the 13th day of June,
A. D. 1898, at 12 o'clock noon of said
day. The property in said mortgage
is thus described, viz:

"All and singular the real property
on Liliha street in Honolulu, described
as follows, to wit: that portion of the
land awarded by Royal Patent, No. 5564,
Land Commission Award, numbered
9009, issued to Kanelelele, and of the
same premises that were conveyed to
Charles W. Clark by S. P. Kalamana,
by deed dated May 5th, 1863, and recorded
in Liber 18, page 354 devised to
said mortgagee by said Charles W.
Clark, and more particularly bounded
and described as follows: Commenc-
ing at the east corner at the north
side of Liliha street and running N.
45 deg. 30 min., Magnetic, 81.2 feet
along Palapaa; N. 35 deg. 15 min.,
Magnetic 26.4 feet along Palapaa,
thence offset toward Ewa 125 feet to
north edge of Auwai; S. 37 deg. 30
min. W. Magnetic 60.1 feet along north
side of Auwai and Heleluia; N. 67 deg.
15 min. W. Magnetic, 42.7 feet along
same; S. 45 deg. 30 min. E. Magnetic
109 feet along makai portion of R. P.
5554 sold to C. Brown, to Liliha street;
thence N. 38 deg. 45 min. E. Magnetic
78.6 feet along north side of Liliha
street to initial point and containing
an area of 18-100 of an acre.

Terms Cash. Deeds at expense of
purchaser.

ESTATE OF S. G. WILDER, LTD.
For further particulars apply to
KINNEY & BALLOU,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.
Dated Honolulu, May 16, 1898.

The above sale is continued at the
request of the mortgagee to Monday,
the 27th day of June, A. D. 1898, at 12
o'clock noon. Place of sale as above.
ESTATE OF S. G. WILDER, LTD.
Kinney & Ballou, Attorneys for
mortgagee.
1977-17

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF FORE- CLOSURE.

In accordance with the provisions of
a certain mortgage made by Kaneumi
of Kaluanui, Koolauloa, Oahu, to Miss
Jannie R. Griere of Honolulu, dated
March 18th, 1888, recorded Liber 109,
page 355: notice is hereby given that
the mortgagee intends to foreclose the
same for condition broken, to wit:
non-payment of both interest and prin-
cipal when due.

Notice is likewise given that after
the expiration of three weeks from the
date of this notice, the property con-
veyed by said mortgage will be adver-
tised for sale at public auction, at the
auction rooms of Jas. F. Morgan, in
Honolulu, on Monday, the 11th day of
July, 1898, at 12 noon of said day.

Further particulars can be had of
W. R. Castle.
Dated Honolulu, June 13, 1898.
MISS JANNIE R. GRIEVE
Mortgagee.

The premises covered by said mort-
gage consist of:
1st. A lot in Halekaha, Koolauloa,
Oahu, containing an area of 3 20-100
acres set forth in R. P. 1312 to Mano
2nd. Those three lots in Kaluanui,
Koolauloa, aforesaid containing an
area of 1 14-100 acres set forth in R.
P. 2046 to Kalawe.
3d. Those two lots in Makana con-
taining an area of 5 31-100 acres set
forth in R. P. 5427 to Kuba.
1976-417

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF FORE- CLOSURE.

In accordance with the provisions of
a certain mortgage made by M. Heil
J. Kapu and Heil J. Kapu her hus-
band of Honolulu to Alex. Wallace of
said Honolulu, dated 1st September 12,
1862, recorded Liber 145 page 157, no-

tice is hereby given that the mortgagee
intends to foreclose the same for con-
dition broken, to wit: non-payment of
both interest and principal when due.

Notice is likewise given that after
the expiration of three weeks from the
date of this notice, the property con-
veyed by said mortgage will be adver-
tised for sale at public auction, at the
auction rooms of Jas. F. Morgan, in
Honolulu, on Monday, the 11th day of
July, 1898, at 12 noon of said day.

Further particulars can be had of
W. R. Castle.
Dated Honolulu, June 13, 1898.
ALEX. WALLACE,
Mortgagee.

The premises covered by said mort-
gage consist of:

All of the interest of said M. Heil
J. Kapu and Heil J. Kapu in the es-
tate of Kaluapahoole of Kawela, Is-
land of Molokai, consisting of a certain
parcel of land with houses thereon,
conveyed to said Kaluapahoole by deed
of Trustees Lunallilo Estate recorded
in Liber 72, page 200 in which it is
described as consisting of a lake at
Kawela, Island of Molokai, called the
lake of Kawela, together with a parcel
of land separating said lake from the
sea and being half of the Ahupuaa of
Kawela and covered by Land Com-
mission Award 8559B, Apana 2 to W.
C. Lunallilo.
1976-417

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF FORE- CLOSURE.

In accordance with the provisions of
a certain mortgage made by Lee Apau
of Honolulu, Oahu, to W. R. Castle,
Trustee, of said Honolulu, dated
August 1st, 1889, recorded Liber 118,
page 188: notice is hereby given that
the mortgagee intends to foreclose the
same for condition broken, to wit:
non-payment of both interest and prin-
cipal when due.

Notice is likewise given that after
the expiration of three weeks from the
date of this notice, the property con-
veyed by said mortgage will be adver-
tised for sale at public auction, at the
auction rooms of Jas. F. Morgan, in
Honolulu, on Monday, the 11th day of
July, 1898, at 12 noon of said day.

Further particulars can be had of
W. R. Castle.
Dated Honolulu, June 13, 1898.
W. R. CASTLE,
Trustee, Mortgagee.

The premises covered by said mort-
gage consist of:
All that certain tract of land situate
in Kapahala, Kaneohe, Koolauloko,
Oahu, described in R. P. 2423, L. C. A.
7233 to Luluu, containing an area of
5 791-1000 acres, conveyed to mort-
gagor by foreclosure deed of C. T.
Gulick, Trustee, recorded in Liber 118,
page 61.
1976-417

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF FORE- CLOSURE.

In accordance with the provisions of
a certain mortgage made by Mahe Ka-
po and Kapo, her husband and Makul
of Huelo, Maui, to W. R. Castle, Trust-
ee, of Honolulu, Oahu, dated October
6th, 1892, recorded Liber 139, page
241: notice is hereby given that the
mortgagee intends to foreclose the
same for condition broken, to wit:
non-payment of both interest and prin-
cipal when due.

Notice is likewise given that after
the expiration of three weeks from the
date of this notice, the property con-
veyed by said mortgage will be adver-
tised for sale at public auction, at the
auction rooms of Jas. F. Morgan, in
Honolulu, on Monday, the 11th day of
July, 1898, at 12 noon of said day.

Further particulars can be had of
W. R. Castle.
Dated Honolulu, June 13, 1898.
W. R. CASTLE,
Trustee, Mortgagee.

The premises covered by said mort-
gage consist of:
1st. 10 11-100 acres in Honopou,
Huelo, Maui, set forth in R. P. (G.)
1264 to Kahalelaau.

2nd. All those certain parcels in
Waikapu, containing 88-100 of an acre,
2 Apanas more particularly set forth
in L. C. A. 2208 to Manu, deed from
Hookano to Mele recorded in Liber
135, page 483.

3d. All mortgagee's interest in Ma-
nu's other property on Maui, more par-
ticularly covered by L. C. A. 2208 to
said Manu in Puako, Waikapu, con-
taining 12-100 of an acre, also Grant
466 to Manu in Kamaole, in Kula, con-
taining 10 acres, also 33.15 acres cov-
ered by Grant 1498 to Manu in Moo-
muku, Honuaula, Maui.
1976-417

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF FORE- CLOSURE.

In accordance with the provisions of
a certain mortgage made by W. D.
Toomey of Honolulu, Island of Oahu,
to Robert Griere, Trustee, of said Ho-
nolulu, dated June 10, 1896, recorded
Liber 160, page 483: notice is hereby
given that the mortgagee intends to
foreclose the same for condition broken,
to wit: non-payment of interest
when due.

Notice is likewise given that after
the expiration of three weeks from the
date of this notice, the property con-
veyed by said mortgage will be adver-
tised for sale at public auction, at the
auction rooms of Jas. F. Morgan, in
Honolulu, on Monday, the 11th day of
July, 1898, at 12 noon of said day.

Further particulars can be had of
W. R. Castle.
Dated Honolulu, June 13, 1898.
ROBERT GRIERE,
Trustee, Mortgagee.

The premises covered by said mort-
gage consist of:
All that certain piece or parcel of
land situate at Nakihi, Hana, Maui,
containing an area of 31 20-100 acres
and being a portion of the premises
described in R. P. 2429, conveyed to
said mortgagee by deed of F. W. Hook,
recorded in Liber 122, page 77.
1976-417

HE IS ADMIRER

University President Writes of
New Pastor.

Suitable Successor to the Retiring
Central Union Leader—Has Been
Always a Hard Worker.

One of the very warmest recommendations for the new pastor of Central Union, Rev. Wm. M. Kincaid, comes to Prof. F. A. Hosmer, president of Oahu College, from President George E. MacLean, Chancellor of the University of Nebraska. A letter on the subject was written at Lincoln, Neb., on the 29th, ult. Prof. MacLean opens with mentioning that two of the young men who were in a military company organized in Massachusetts by Prof. Hosmer, have been appointed to lieutenantancies in the United States forces. The following is in part what is said of the man who is to succeed the Rev. D. P. Birnie, resigned:

"I also learned that your church was in need of a pastor, I believe I know just the right man for you, the Rev. Wm. M. Kincaid of Andrew Presbyterian church of Minneapolis, Minn. He was a classmate of mine at Williams College, where he was distinguished for his thoughtful scholarship. I attended his church for eight years at Minneapolis. He came to us from the First Baptist church at San Francisco, where he had been very successful for nine or ten years. A high sense of honor caused him to leave the Baptist church and by doing this he broke away from a congregation that gladly would have kept him. He was born in the Dutch Reformed church and made the Presbyterian church the choice of his manhood. He is both a pastor and a preacher. He speaks without notes. His sermons are strong, thoughtful and spiritual. I have not been able to find preaching which averages so well as his and I miss him greatly. After I came to Lincoln he was called, three years ago, to the First Presbyterian church of this city, but declined on account of the objections made by his parish. His present church has doubled its membership and more during his pastorate. It has erected and paid for a fine stone building. He has become the preacher for the students in the University of Minnesota. He is not only successful in bringing them to hear him preach, but in organizing them and young people generally for religious study and work. His people are devoted to him and would be distressed by his removal. Nevertheless I think he should move on account of the illness of his son, a boy of 13. I have assumed you do not desire a green young man, but a mature man of experience and of full vigor. Mr. Kincaid is artistic, cultured, poetical, but at the same time not a creature 'too bright or good for human nature's daily food.' He is progressive in thought and methods of work, but sound in the essentials of the faith. He has traveled in Europe and is a widely read man. His wife is a lovely lady and a tactful helper."

The Rev. Mr. Wm. Kincaid will be here in a couple of months now. He was strongly endorsed by a number of very prominent men in the United States

COMMENCEMENT DAY.

Maunaloa Seminary Graduates
Its Pupils on Maui.

MAUI, June 18—The annual commencement exercises of the Maunaloa Seminary, Makawao, were held on June 15 from 9 to 1:30 o'clock.

On Friday, the 17th, a Japanese laborer had both legs broken by the falling of a heavy pipe while at work on the new pump at Paia plantation. He died from his injuries an hour later at the hospital.

During the 11th, Misses Eva and Ethel Smith of Paia were thrown out of a brake on Maliko gulch road. At the top of the gulch toward Haiku, their horse became frightened at some lumber on a small cart and began to run and kick in a most frightful manner. The young ladies were thrown out at the turn of the road leading down the ravine and were only slightly injured.

The 38 Waikuku plantation Chinese were acquitted of the charge of desertion this week.

The barkentine George C. Perkins, Mass. captain, arrived from San Francisco on the 14th. On the 16th the schooner Mary Dodge, Hansen master, called for San Francisco.

The weather is pleasant with strong trade winds.

MIXED GAIT

An Exciting Catch-as-Catch-Can
Horse Race.

An impromptu match horse race mixed gait in harness, best two in three heats, between Chas. J. McCarthy's "Bob" and George Lycurgus' "Mary" took place on the park track yesterday afternoon. Jack Gibson drove "Bob" and Durfee "Mary."

The race was a mile dash go as please, catch weights. The first heat,

made in 2:32, was declared a dead heat. After a short rest the second heat was run off in the excellent time of 2:24. The horses kept well together all the way around and finished side by side again making a dead heat. In two instances on the back stretch Mary came near carrying Durfee into the fence and had not Durfee called to Gibson to "Get out of the road" serious results might have followed.

Many were of the opinion that the race was decided in the first heat and a protest was suggested. Rather than argue on the merits of the race, the Major said that he would accept defeat and the dinner was on him.

Those who were in the paddock when the horses were driven out expressed surprise at the manner in which "Bob" stepped out. "Just like Wood" was the comment of all. It is understood that the next match is to be a running race, mile dash, owners to ride.

Coptic Again.

The O. & O. S. S. Coptic, Sealby commander, arrived in port Saturday forenoon, after an absence from this port of some five months. She made a very quick trip from Yokohama, which port she sailed from at 6 p. m. on the 9th inst. The Coptic sailed for San Francisco at 8:45 p. m. on the day of her arrival.

The Coptic brought the news of the change in arrangements of the disposition of the late Captain Gridley's body. The funeral services took place in Yokohama on the 9th. The body was to have been cremated there and the ashes returned to the States.

No Mail Lost.

In one of the afternoon papers yesterday was a short article on the loss of a mail from San Francisco. If such is a fact, the mail referred to was never despatched from the post office in San Francisco. The post office papers here show a mail despatched from San Francisco on the Doric on May 28th. The date of arrival here was June 4th. The next mail was despatched on the U. S. S. Mohican, which sailed from San Francisco on June 5th and arrived here on the 15th. No mail was despatched between these two boats.

FARMER HOPKINS' EVIDENCE.

HE TELLS ABOUT THE SUFFERING
OF HIS DAUGHTER.

A Victim of Nervous Prostration and
Neuralgia Saved After Her Physi-
cian Abandoned Hope.

From the Republican, Columbus.

While in the neighborhood of Rugby, Indiana, recently, a reporter was told that Miss Clara Hopkins, daughter of Mr. Dennis Hopkins, a prominent farmer of Bartholomew County, had been the subject of a remarkable transformation. The reporter decided to investigate and learn the particulars. He was driven to Mr. Hopkins' handsome country home, where he had an interesting conversation with that gentleman regarding the illness of his only daughter.

"You have been correctly informed," said Mr. Hopkins, "for Clara has indeed had a severe siege. She tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and they did her more good than all other medicines together that she ever took. A few boxes of that medicine accomplished the cure of a case in a few months which had baffled physicians for years."

"About three years ago her health began to fail. The doctor who attended her said this was caused by weak digestion. This produced nervousness, which was accompanied by neuralgia troubled, which at first was located in the nerves about the heart. Of course this was a dangerous location for any such trouble, and she rapidly grew worse, notwithstanding that the physician was treating her. This continued till a year ago last November, at which time she was almost constantly confined to her bed. The neuralgia became gradually worse and finally she was a confirmed victim to it."

"Nervous prostration set in, and she was soon all run down. Her blood was impure and watery, and her complexion became colorless. She had no strength and the least noise irritated her. She was so nervous. We had another physician and he treated her steadily for a year without doing her any good. In fact it seemed that she was continually becoming worse. He finally gave up the case as hopeless and advised us to get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, as he said that they were the only thing that would benefit her."

"I procured a couple of boxes of the pills, and found that their use helped her considerably. She kept on taking them till she used about a dozen boxes, with the result that she was entirely well, and since then there has been no symptoms whatever of her old trouble. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are verily a wonderful medicine, which did a wonderful good in Clara's case, doing what several physicians failed to accomplish."

Everywhere Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are recognized as a specific for diseases of the blood and nerves. For paralysis, locomotor ataxia, and other diseases long supposed incurable, they have proved their efficacy in thousands of cases. They are one of the greatest blessings ever bestowed upon mankind.

Sold by all dealers in medicine.

RED
ROUGH
HANDS

Itching, scaly, bleeding palms, shapeless nails, and painful finger ends, pimples, blackheads, oily, mothy skin, dry, thin, and falling hair, itching, scaly scalps, all yield quickly to warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, and gentle anointings with CUTICURA (ointment), greatest of emollient skin cures.

Cuticura

Is sold throughout the world. British depot: F. NEWBURY & SONS, London. POTTER D. AND C. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A. "How to Produce Soft White Hands," post free.

ITCHING HUMOURS Instantly relieved by CUTICURA REMEDIES.

Hollister & Co. Import Cigars direct from Havana.
Hollister & Co. Import American Cigars direct from the Factories.
Hollister & Co. Import Manila Cigars direct from the Factories.
Hollister & Co. Import Smoking Tobaccos direct from the Factories.
Hollister & Co. Import Chewing Tobaccos direct from the Factories.
Hollister & Co. Import Snuff direct from the Factories.
Hollister & Co. Import Three B Pipes direct from the Factory in London.
Hollister & Co. Have Havana and Manila Cigars in Bond.
Hollister & Co. Are TOBACCONISTS.
Hollister & Co. Are Located at—

Corner of Fort & Merchant Sts.

California Fertilizer Works

OFFICE: 527 Merchant St., San Francisco, Cal.
FACTORIES: South San Francisco and Berkeley, Cal.

J. E. MILLER, MANAGER.

MANUFACTURERS OF PURE BONE FERTILIZERS
AND PURE BONE MEAL.

DEALERS IN—

Fertilizer Materials!

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Have constantly on hand the following goods adapted to the Island trade.

HIGH GRADE CANE MANURE, FERTILIZERS,
NITRATE OF SODA, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA,
HIGH GRADE SULPHATE OF POTASH,
FISH GUANO, WOOL DUST, ETC
Special Manures Manufactured to Order.

The manures manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS are made entirely from clean bone treated with acid, Dry Blood and Flesh, Potash and Magnesia Salts. No adulteration of any kind is used, and every ton is sold under a guaranteed analysis. One ton or one thousand tons are almost exactly alike and for excellent mechanical condition and high analysis have no superior in the market. The superiority of Pure Bone over any other Phosphate material for Fertilizer use is so well known that it needs no explanation. The large and constantly increasing demand for the Fertilizers manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS is the best possible proof of their superior quality.

A Stock of these Fertilizers will be kept constantly on hand and for sale on the usual terms by

C. Brewer & Co., Ltd.

HONOLULU AGENTS CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS.

The Steamer Service between Honolulu and San Francisco is sadly mixed just at present, and as a result it is hard to know just when goods that are due will arrive. We still have a store well filled with nearly everything that anyone needs in the Hardware line, to say nothing of Paints and Oils, Leather of all kinds, Guns, Rifles and Cartridges, Bicycles and Bicycle Supplies, and as we depend largely on sailing vessels from New York, England and San Francisco we are able to keep our stock well up to the time. When needing anything in any of the above lines try—

E. O. HALL & SON, Ltd.

Art
Pictures,

FRAMED
OR
UNFRAMED,

—AT—

King Bros' Art Store.

110 HOTEL ST.

DETROIT
JEWEL
STOVES

WE are celebrating the successful introduction of "JEWEL" Stoves and Ranges by giving purchasers out of Honolulu a special benefit of a Freight Rebate of 10 per cent. off the regular price of all our stoves. In addition to which you get the usual 5 per cent. cash discount.

Our complete stock of 150 stoves, ranging in price from \$11 to \$72—with another 150 now on the way, comprises the following:

MERIT JEWEL RANGE.
1 size, 4 styles, with Water Coil.

EMPIRE JEWEL RANGE.
1 size, 3 styles, with Water Coil;
1 size, 1 style, with or without Water Coil.

CITY JEWEL RANGE.
2 sizes, 3 styles with or without Water Coil, and with or without Hot Water Reservoir.

WELCOME JEWEL STOVE.
2 sizes, with or without Reservoir.

MODERN JEWEL STOVE.
3 sizes, with or without Reservoir.

MESQUITE JEWEL STOVE.
2 sizes: No. 7 and No. 8.

W. W. DIMOND & CO.
HONOLULU.

CLARKE'S
WORLD-FAMED

Blood Mixture

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER & RESTORER

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, it cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Pimples, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, its effects are marvellous.

It Cures Old Sores, Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck, Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Legs, Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face, Cures Scabby Sores, Cures Cancerous Ulcers, Cures Blood and Skin Diseases, Cures Glandular Swellings, Cures the Blood from all Impure Matter, From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from anything in the least objectionable, it is the most delicate and efficacious of all blood purifiers. It is sold in all the principal cities of the world.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS

From All Parts of the World.

Sold in Bottles 2s. 6d., and in cases containing 12 times the quantity, 10s. each—sent by post free. A permanent cure in the most delicate and efficacious manner. BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD. Proprietors, THE LONDON AND MIDLAND CONTINENTAL DRUG COMPANY, Limited, England.

Caution.—Ask for Clarke's Blood Mixture, and beware of worthless imitations or substitutes.

North British & Mercantile Insurance Co

TOTAL FUNDS AT 1st DECEMBER 1917
£11,557,089.
1. Authorized Capital £10,000,000 4 6 0
Subscribed 7,500,000 0 0 0
Paid up (by call) 2,744,500 7 9 0
2. Fire Fund 1,017,700 1 0 0
3. Life and Accident Fund 1,804,889 8 9 0
Revenue Profit 1,517,877 4 9
Revenue Loss 1,300,111 1 0
Branches 2,023,928 4 9

The accumulated Fund for the Fire and Life Departments are held in a liability in respect of each other.

ED. HOFFSCHLAGER & CO.,
Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

CASTLE & COKE, Ltd.
IMPORTERSLIFE AND FIRE
INSURANCE AGENTS

AGENTS FOR
New England Mutual Life Insurance Co
OF BOSTON.

Elmo Fire Insurance Company
OF HARTFORD.

INSURANCE.

Theo. H. Davies & Co.
(Limited)

AGENTS FOR FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE
INSURANCE.

Northern Assurance Company,
OF LONDON, FOR FIRE AND
LIFE. Established 1834.

ACCUMULATED FUNDS £3,975,000

British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co.
OF LIVERPOOL, FOR MARINE.

CAPITAL £1,000,000.

REDUCTION OF RATES
IMMEDIATE PAYMENT OF CLAIMS.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., Ltd.
AGENTS.

J. S. WALKER.

General Agent the Hawaiian Islands.

Royal Insurance Company.

ALLIANCE INSURANCE CO.;
ALLIANCE MARINE AND GENERAL
INSURANCE CO.;
WILFELMUS OF MADRID INSURANCE CO.;
SUN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF
CANADA;
SCOTTISH UNION AND NATIONAL
UNION.

Rm. 12, Spreckels Bldg. Honolulu, H. I.

Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co.

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored thereon on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply to the office of F. A. SCHAEFER & Co., Agents.

German Lloyd Marine Insur'ce Co
OF BERLIN.

Fortuna General Insurance Co
OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have established a general agency here, and the undersigned, general agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the seas at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.
F. A. SCHAEFER & Co., Gen. Agts.

General Insurance Co. for Sea, River and
Land Transport, of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands the undersigned general agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.
F. A. SCHAEFER & Co., Agents.

Trans Atlantic Fire Insurance Co
OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and reserve funds 6,000,000
Capital these reinsurers companies 101,620,000
Total re-insurance 107,620,000

North German Fire Insurance Co
OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and reserve funds 5,000,000
Capital these reinsurers companies 35,000,000
Total re-insurance 40,000,000

The undersigned, general agents of the above companies for the Hawaiian Islands are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, etc., also Boats and Rice Mills, and vessels in the harbor against loss or damage by fire on the most favorable terms.
H. HACKFELD & CO., Ltd.

Read the Hawaiian Gazette
(Semi-Weekly).

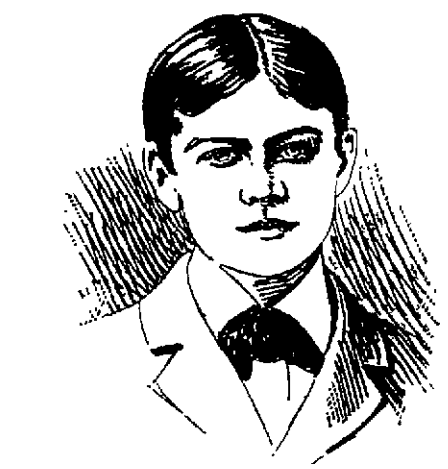
IT IS WILLIE ROTH

Won Out in Well Played Tennis
Finals Yesterday.

HE IS NOW CHAMPION OF 1898

Clarence Cooke Put Up Good Op-
position—Many Spectators
See the Match.

The tennis tournament in singles is
over and Willie Roth, a member of the
Junior branch of the Pacific Tennis
Club, stands undisputed winner, hav-
ing bested Clarence H. Cooke of the
Senior branch of the same club in a



WILLIE ROTH.
Tennis Champion, 1898.

very hard fought and interesting
match. Roth is yet in his teens and,
if he continues to improve in his play-
ing he will be a wonder. He has dem-
onstrated during the past week his
supremacy over the remainder of the
players of the city and over the senior
members of his own club. However,
there is no disagreeable feeling enter-
tained for him for the boys are all
glad to see the boy win. He is a quiet,
unassuming young fellow who never
brags about his playing and who is
always ready to concede a doubtful
point to the other side. In this man-
ner he has won himself a place in the
hearts of the members of the P. T. C.
who all join in giving three cheers for
the youthful winner of the tennis sin-
gles laurels of the present season.

The club house of the P. T. C. and
the lawns surrounding, were crowded
with friends of the club yesterday af-
ternoon. The finals in singles was the
drawing card. Clarence H. Cooke of
the P. T. C. Seniors and Willie Roth
of the Juniors were the contestants.
E. R. Adams was chosen umpire and
S. G. Wilder of the P. T. C. and W. A.
Wall of the B. T. C. linesmen. Cooke
took the Ewa court and served, win-
ning the next five games. He lobbed
beautifully and sent swift returns
down the side lines past Cooke. The
latter was not long to catch the drift
of Roth's play and won the next three
games, making the score "deuce." He
picked out Roth's weak points nicely
and sent his returns right to those
places. Roth became a little careless
and Cooke saw his opportunity, win-
ning the first two games by his serve
and fine playing at the net. Roth ap-
peared a little frightened at first but
soon showed an improvement, winning
the next two games. This gave him
the first set. Score 7-5.

In the second set Roth and Cooke
came forth, apparently as fresh as
when they began. Roth played his
criss-cross play and drives to advan-
tage, winning three games in suc-
cession. Cooke then took a brace and
won two. Then Roth followed suit for
two. The next game was Cooke's and
the last Roth's. This gave the set to
the latter. Score 6-3.

The sets were one-all. Cooke took
the first game and then Roth the sec-
ond, winning out on a score of 6-40 by
magnificent serving. Cooke took an-
other game and then Roth won three
in succession, these by adopting
Cooke's own game of short "chop"
strokes. Cooke braced and won an-
other game, Cooke did the same again
and then Roth took the last. It was a
hard fight, but the boy won. Score 6-4.

In the fourth set, Cooke showed signs
of a winded condition. He had fought
a hard, stubborn fight. He took the
first game and then Roth managed to
get the second. Cooke took the third
game and then Roth made five in suc-
cession winning easily.

This gave the junior member the
match of best 3 out of 5 and won for
him the honor of being singles cham-
pion for 1898.

Roth was enthusiastically greeted af-
ter the contest and three cheers were
given in his honor.

The match play a present seemed to
enjoy every moment of the match.

This was shown a frequent and
heartily applause.

Following is a list of the sets:

1—Cooke, 7-5

2—Roth, 6-3

3—Roth, 6-4

4—Roth, 6-2

The first of the men's doubles will
be played as follows: At Pacific courts

4 p. m., Jones and C. H. Cooke vs. Fuller
and Berger; 5 p. m., J. Waterhouse
and Carter vs. Ross and Woods. At
Beretania courts, 5 p. m., Adams and
H. Waterhouse, Jr. vs. Wodehouse and
Mott-Smith; 5:30 p. m., Shanks and
Wall vs. Dickey and J. P. Cooke.

PERSONAL AND PECULIAR.

Alabama has 2,260 negro school
teachers.

Germany boasts a 1,000-year-old rose
tree.

World's sugar output is 8,000,000 tons
a year.

At Birmingham jewelry employs 14-
000 people.

Parsonage property is not exempt
from tax in Oregon.

The pecan crop in Texas for 1897 was
over 3,000,000 bushels.

Massachusetts textile mills produce
\$200,000,000 worth of goods a year.

Paris and Marseilles are connected
by telegraph lines entirely under-
ground.

It has been proposed to equip Lon-
don policemen with portable electric
batteries to feed electric lights on their
helmets.

Miss Ellen Nussey, who acted as
bridesmaid for Charlotte Bronte, has
just died at Birstall, at the age of 83
years.

A mountain climbing cat has taken
its station on one of the Swiss moun-
tains, and goes up 3,200 yards with
tourists, to share their lunch at the
top.

The most extraordinary plant known
is the "traveling plant," which has a
root formed of knots, by which it an-
nually advances about an inch from
the place where it was first rooted.

Miss Fay Fuller, who has been ap-
pointed Harbor Mistress of Tacoma, is
the only woman in the world holding
such a place. She became prominent in
the West a number of years ago by be-
ing the first woman to ascend Mount
Tacoma.

Longfellow's daughter has written to
the publishers of her father's works to
explain that his pronunciation of the
word Hiawatha was "He-awa-tha,"
with the accent on the "wa" which has
the sound of a in mar, not as in war,
as so many voice it.

In Louisville, Ky., recently a clergy-
man who was called upon by a friend
to perform the ceremony at his wed-
ding refused because he was in love
with the girl himself. The girl over-
heard the statement, dismissed her be-
trothed and married the parson.

The natives of "Thurms" are turn-
ing Mr. Barrie's fame to commercial
advantage. A lemonade manufacturer
in the Kirriemuir district bears a label
with a view of the famous "Window
in Thurms," and a special brand of
goods sold by a local shopkeeper has
his inscription printed on its wrapper:
"N. B.—Every packet bears a true pic-
ture of the Window in Thurms and Mr.
Barrie's residence."

The death of Rev. Edward Bradley
in New York recently was remarkable
for the circumstance that he was a
curate in an Episcopal Church of which
his son, Rev. Edward A. Bradley, is
vicar. The curate was nearly seventy-
nine years old, and did not enter the
ministry until he was fifty. For the
last six years he had been his son's
assistant at St. Agnes' Chapel on Nine-
ty-second street, a mission of Trinity
Church.

A discovery has just been made,
says the New York Tribune, among
the archives in the Vatican of a col-
lection of medical prescriptions for dis-
eases of the eye in the handwriting of
Michael Angelo. It may be recalled
that this famous artist was so much
troubled with his eyes during the
closing years of his life that he was
almost blind when he died, and he
seems to have made a record in his
own handwriting of all the remedies
that were described for him.

William C. Todd, of Atkinson, N. H.,
has endowed the Boston Public Lib-
rary with \$2000 a year for the purchase
of newspapers. Mr. Todd says he is
"impressed with the increasing impor-
tance and influence of newspapers and
the great demand for them by all
classes of the community." He gives
the money on the simple condition
that the whole annual interest on \$50-
000 be expended for newspaper sub-
scriptions. The choice of the publica-
tions is left entirely to the library au-
thorities.

SNUB NOT AT ALL.

Don't snub a boy because he wears
shabby clothes, says Great Thoughts
When Edison, the inventor of the tele-
phone, first entered Boston he wore a
pair of yellow linen breeches in the
depth of winter.

Don't snub a boy because his home
is plain and unpretending. Abraham
Lincoln's early home was a log cabin.

Don't snub a boy because of the ig-
norance of his parents. Shakespeare,
the world's poet, was the son of a
man who was unable to write his own
name.

Don't snub a boy because he chooses
a humble trade. The author of "Pil-
grim's Progress" was a tinker.

Don't snub a boy because of his
physical disabilities. Milton was blind.

Don't snub a boy because of his in-
ferior position. Hogarth, the cele-
brated painter and engraver, was a
child of a poor family.

Don't snub any one, but love him
because some day they may be helpful
in the race of life, but because it is
neither kind, nor right, nor Christian
to snub.

—W. C. T. U.

A FATAL TEA BOX

Coptic's Freight Falls on
a Native's Head.

Death Followed in a Short Time.
Man Was a Faithful Laborer.
An Inquest to Be Held.

Keoni Wahineallau, native aged 50
while working as a freight laborer
aboard the S. S. Coptic Saturday after-
noon received an injury in the head.
He died at the Queen's Hospital at
10 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Wah-
ineallau leaves a wife and family.
The skull was not fractured unless the
break was inside. The wound shown
on the scalp was a small one, a mere
scratch. It is believed that the rup-
ture of a blood vessel in the head caused
death. The man seemed paralyzed.

The laborer was in the hold working
under the forward hatch. Some freight
had been piled above around the edges
of the opening. A native in the gang
of workers scamped over the pile
of temporarily stored merchandise
brought up to get at some Honolulu
consignments. This native made such
a jar on the pile that a tea box fell
below. The box struck Wahineallau
squarely on top of the head and he was
unconscious at once. The man was
taken to the hospital without delay.
Several times he rallied somewhat,
but the sinking spells became longer
and longer till one took him out of the
world.

Deputy Marshal Chillingworth has
summoned these natives to hold an
inquest: John Kuaana, Hiona, Kealo,
Lawelawe, Pamalo and Naholowaa.
The coroner had the jury view the re-
mains and will begin the inquiry at
10:30 this morning. The dead man
had lived in Kewalo. He was steady
and a hard worker and had been one
of the Pacific Mail wharf gang for a
long time. Archie Gilfillan and others
who knew the man were very sorry
to learn of his death.

WHARF AND WAVE.

The Alden Besse which sailed for
San Francisco on Saturday took away
21,106 bags of coffee, rice and sugar
valued at \$102,897.

An afternoon paper states that the
Waialeale may go to Laysan Island
after the return of the Planter. No
steamer but the Noeau will be sent.

The American bark Alden Besse,
Potter master, sailed for San Fran-
cisco, Saturday afternoon with a full
cargo of sugar. The Besse took a few
passengers.

The American barkentine Kikikat,
Cutler master, arrived in port late yes-
terday, 36 days from Port Townsend
with a cargo of 300,000 shingles, 577-
629 feet of lumber and 15 logs for
Wilder & Co. She sailed from Port
Townsend on May 15th.

The American bark S. C. Allen,
Johnson master, arrived in port yes-
terday, 19 days from San Francisco
with a full cargo of general merchan-
dise for Theo. H. Davies & Co. Among
her passengers was B. T. McCulloch
who came down in charge of 66 head
of horses and mules. The Allen is at
Brewer's wharf.

The W. G. Hall arrived from Kauai
ports as usual Sunday morning. The
purser reports as follows: "The W. G.
Hall loaded 20 head of cattle at Ni-
ihau. There were 15,800 bags of
sugar left on the Garden Isle. This
was divided as follows: K. S. M.,
3,300 bags; V. K., 700; M. S. Co., 1,400;
Makaweli, 9,000; G. & R., 1,400.

Consul-General Hayward received
instructions from his Government by
the Mohican to warn all Masters of
vessels clearing from Hawaiian Is-
lands and ports for the port of San Fran-
cisco, to come to anchor within the
quarantine limit and not pass the
quarantine line until they have re-
ceived a free pratique from the Fed-
eral Quarantine Officer.

"Why, man, I've had whole audi-
ences fall to their knees in terror at
my description of the day of Judg-
ment."

The other exhorter smiled pityingly.
"Ah, yes, he replied, 'But the other
night I portrayed the destruction of
the world with such power that a man
came up after the services and asked
me whom he should see about the
kinescope right'—Detroit Journal.

BORN

COOKE—In Honolulu, June 19, 1898,
to the wife of J. P. Cooke, a daugh-
ter.

Notice to Ship Captains.
U. S. Branch Hydrographic Office,
San Francisco, Cal.

By communicating with the Branch
Hydrographic Office in San Francisco,
Captains of vessels who will co-oper-
ate with the Hydrographic Office by
recording the meteorological observa-
tions suggested by the office, can have
forwarded to them at any desired port,
and free of expense, the monthly pilot
charts of the North Pacific Ocean and
the latest information regarding the
currents and navigation in the waters
which they frequent.

Mariners are requested to report to
the office dangers discovered, or any
other information which can be uti-
lized for correcting charts or sailing
directions or in the publication of the
charts of the North Pacific.

W. S. HUGHES,
Lieutenant, United States Navy.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

Friday, June 17.

P. M. S. Peru, Friele, from China
and Japan.

Am. bk. S. C. Allen, Johnson, from
San Francisco.

Stmr. Kinahu, Clarke, from Maui and
Hawaii ports.

Stmr. Mokoli, Bennet, from Molo-
kai, Lanai and Maui.

Saturday, June 18.

O. & O. S. S. Coptic, from China
and Japan.

Stmr. Noeau, Pederson, from Haw-
aii.

Stmr. Upolu, Nelson, from Hawaii
ports.

Stmr. Mikahala, Thompson, from
Kauai ports.

Sunday, June 19.

Stmr. Claudine, Cameron, from Maui
ports.

Stmr. W. G. Hall, Haglund, from
Kauai ports.

Stmr. James Makee, Tullett, from
Kapaa.

Monday, June 20.

Am. bktn. Kikikat, Cutler, from
Port Townsend.

DEPARTURES.

Friday, June 17.

P. M. S. S. Peru, Friele, for San
Francisco.

Stmr. Mauna Loa, Simerson, for
Maui and Hawaii ports.

Stmr. James Makee, Tullett, for Ka-
paa.

Saturday, June 18.

O. & O. S. S. Coptic, Sealy, for San
Francisco.

Am. bk. Alden Besse, Potter, for
San Francisco.

Monday, June 20.

Stmr. Kauai, Bruhn, for Lahaina.

Stmr. Mikahala, Thompson, for
Kauai ports.

Stmr. Kaena, Mosher, for Waialua.

Stmr. Mokoli, Bennet, for Lahaina,
Molokai and Lanai.

Stmr. Iwa, Townsend, for Waialua
ports.

VESSELS LEAVING TODAY.

Stmr. Kinahu, Clarke, for Lahaina,
Maui, Kihel, Makana, Mahukona,
Kawahae, Kukaia, Laupahoehoe,
Honohina, Hakalau, Honoum, Pohaku-
manu, Pepeekeo, Onomea, Papaikou,
Hilo and Poholki, and for Kaunakakai
for mail and passengers only at 10
a. m.

Stmr. Claudine, Cameron, for La-
haina, Kahului, Keanae, Hana, Ha-
moa, Kipahulu and Paauhau, at 5 p. m.

Stmr. W. G. Hall, Haglund, for Ele-
ele, Hanapepe, Makaweli, Waimea and
Kekaha at 5 p. m.

PASSENGERS.

Arrivals.

From Oahu ports, per stmr. Wa-
ialeale, June 16—George Cooke and
Richard Cooke.

From Molokai and Lanai, per stmr.
Mokoli, June 17—E. McShane, Ah Ton
and 5 on deck.

From China and Japan, per P. M. S.
S. Peru, June 17—Mr. and Mrs. Brier-
ly, W. A. Pearls.

From Maui and Hawaii ports, per
stmr. Kinahu, June 17—Volcano: Mrs.
C. E. Miller, Master I. Miller, E. N.
Butt. Way ports: Mrs. W. W. Good-
ale, Miss Catherine Goodale, Miss E.
F. Spicer, Mrs. A. Wall and child, Miss
H. Reinhardt, R. J. Lyman, W. Brasch,
Chang Sing, J. R. Collins, C. K. Hyde,
A. Moore, wife, 2 children and serv-
ant, Mrs. A. Denanux, Senator F.
Northrup, Senator H. L. Holstein, D.
Forbes, wife and child, Miss Lilla Na-
huala, C. F. Day, E. T. Sedarholm, Miss
G. Garnet, Miss A. Clapperton, Y. Kul-
nai, J. A. M. Ozorio, Mrs. L. A. Parish
and children, L. von Tempisky and
Niene, W. H. Cornwell, A. W. Carter,
C. W. Schleifer, J. S. McCandless and
82 deck passengers.

From San Francisco, per S. C. Allen,
June 17—B. T. McCulloch and wife,
J. Brown, T. Meyer and O. Winkler.

From Kauai ports, per stmr. W. G.
Hall, June 19—Chas. Rice, C. B. De-
ment, G. Goodacre, J. W. Keolewa,
R. Nagao, Mrs. McAlidrich, Mrs. M.
Spalding, Mrs. M. Chapin, Miss H.
Kanao, Chin Mou Ga, Ah Chook, Chin
On, J. Tavares and 83 on deck.

From Honolulu, per stmr. Noeau,
June 18—Chas. Nottley, wife and son.

From Makaweli, per stmr. Mika-
hala, June 18—H. Morrison, C. A.
Johnson, C. von Hamm, Matsuda, Col.
W. Evans, Adj. Simonson, Mrs. Burns
and child, Miss Goncalves.

From Japan, per O. & O. S. S. Cop-
tic, June 18—Mr. and Mrs. N. Hera-
path.

From Maui ports, per stmr. Clau-
dine, June 19—Miss K. D. Watson,
Mrs. M. B. Watson, Dr. P. J. Aiken,
wife and daughter, A. Enos, wife and
servant, Thos. Ryan, Mrs. H. Piemer,
Miss P. Palma, D. H. Kahaulelio, S.
W. Kaai, Miss M. Pihl, Rev. S. Kapa,
Miss E. A. Simpson, J. W. Kellikoa,
W. R. Cousins, J. E. Cousins, Miss
A. Kaaloa, Miss M. Kaaloa, C. E. Lake,
S. F. Chillingworth, J. W. Kalua and
wife, Mrs. J. Malulu and daughters,
and 48 deck.

From Maui ports, per stmr. Clau-
dine, June 19—1,816 bags sugar, 1,090
bags potatoes, 121 bags corn, 101 bags
25 bags coffee, 245 pigs, sundries.

DEPARTURES.

For San Francisco, per P. M. S. S.
Peru, June 17—Charles Kern, Mrs. H.
W. Kern, J. F. Morgan, Mrs. Pease,
Miss Jones, Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Nixey,
Mrs. W. W. Hatcher, A. S. Humphries,
Fred Ott, Captain C. J. Campbell and
John Ena and family, Mrs. A. Page
and child, John Castro, John Castro,
Jr., Mrs. S. A. Peaburns, J. F. Palmer,
Frank Whitburn, Mrs. Mary Wool-
en and child, H. W. Porter, Mr. and

Mrs. Becker, Judge A. Perry, Miss
Perry.

For Maui and Hawaii ports, per
stmr. Mauna Loa, June 17—G. B.
Schrader, Mrs. Schrader, Thomas
Fahbes, F. B. Lyons, A. Cockburn,
Wray Taylor, N. Akona, Ny Chan,
George Rodiek, Rev. C. W. Koao and
wife, George McDonald, Sr., S. F. Chil-
lingworth, W. A. Greenwell, W. A.
Hardy, Miss Wright, Miss M. Sylva,
Mrs. E. V. Dunn, Miss McConiston,
Rev. G. W. Walua, H. Peters, Rev. W.
N. Lono, Rev. W. M. Kalaiwaa, W. F.
J. Dale and wife, Mrs. Decoto, Miss A.
Horner, C. M. Cooke, Richard Cooke,
L. P. Lincoln, Rev. A. Pail, Dr. Atch-
erly, S. Kalaiwaa and Chong Ting.

For San Francisco, per bk. Alden
Besse, June 18—Mrs. H. Reinhardt,
Mrs. A. Wall, J. R. Collins.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD.

By the Government Survey. Published
Every Monday.

DAY.	9 a.m.	3 p.m.	9 p.m.	Min.	Max.	Barom.	Wind.	Force.
Mon.	80.11	80.04	79.81	73	83	30.01	ENE	1-2
Tues.	80.12	80.05	79.82	73	83	30.01	ENE	1-2
Wed.	80.13	80.06	79.83	73	83	30.01	ENE	1-2
Thurs.	80.14	80.07	79.84	73	83	30.01	ENE	1-2
Fri.	80.15	80.08	79.85	73	83	30.01	ENE	1-2
Sat.	80.16	80.09	79.86	73	83	30.01	ENE	1-2
Sun.	80.17	80.10	79.87	73	83	30.01	ENE	1-2

Barometer corrected for temperature
and elevation, but not for gravity.

TIDES, SUN AND MOON.

DAY.	Time of Low Tide.	Time of High Tide.	Time of Sun Rise.	Time of Sun Set.	Time of Moon Rise.	Time of Moon Set.
Mon.	4:41	9:15	5:15	6:44	6:39	6:39
Tues.	5:12	9:24	5:17	6:45	7:12	7:12
Wed.	5:44	9:30	5:19	6:45	8:24	8:24
Thurs.	6:20	9:37	5:21	6:45	9:11	9:11
Fri.	6:51	9:43	5:23	6:45	9:56	9:56
Sat.	7:24	9:48	5:25	6:45	10:58	10:58
Sun.	7:59	9:54	5:28	6:44	11:51	11:51

The tides and moon phases are given in
standard time. The time of sun and
moon rising and setting being given for
all ports in the group are in local time,
to which the respective corrections to
standard time applicable to each differ-
ent port should be made.
The standard time whistle sounds at
11 a. m. (midnight), Greenwich time,
which is 10 a. m. p. m. of Hawaiian Stan-
dard time.

BY AUTHORITY.

CORPORATION NOTICE.

In re Dissolution of the Hawaiian
Coffee & Tea Company, Limited.

WHEREAS THE HAWAIIAN COFFEE
& TEA COMPANY, Limited, a
Corporation established and existing
under and by virtue of the Laws of the
Hawaiian Islands, has pursuant to law,
in such case made and provided, duly
filed at the office of the Minister of the
Interior, a petition for the dissolution
of the said Corporation, together with
a certificate thereto annexed, as re-
quired by law.

NOW THEREFORE, notice is hereby
given to any and all persons who have
been or are now interested in any
manner whatsoever in the said Cor-
poration, that objections to the granting
of the said petition must be filed in the
office of the Minister of the Interior
on or before TUESDAY, the 30th day
of August, 1898, and that any person
or persons desiring to be heard there-
on, must be in attendance at the office
of the undersigned in the Executive
Building, Honolulu, at 10 o'clock a. m.
of said day, to show cause why said
petition should not be granted.

HENRY E. COOPER,

Minister of the Interior, ad interim.

Interior Office, June 20, 1898.

1928-9T